

2007/EMM8/023

Agenda Item: 5

### APEC Energy Security and Sustainable Development Through Efficiency and Diversity

Purpose: Information Submitted by: EWG Secretariat



8<sup>th</sup> Meeting of Energy Ministers Darwin, Australia 29 May 2007

### The APEC Australia 2007™ Year

APEC energy security and sustainable development through efficiency and diversity

Mr John Ryan EWG Lead Shepherd

Darwin, 29 May 2007







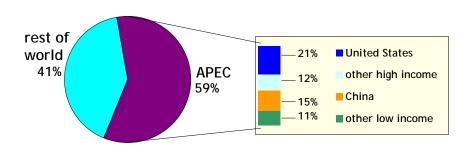
## Key themes

- Role of clean energy technologies in achieving sustainable development
- Barriers to investment in new technologies
- Policy challenges to improve technology R&D, adoption and transfer
- Areas for further work by the EWG





# APEC represents a significant share of world energy consumption



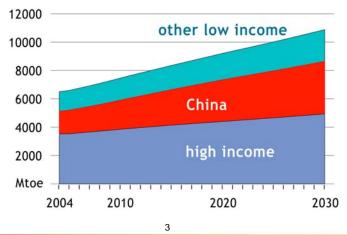
in 2004

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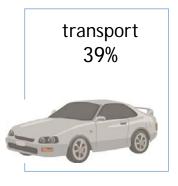
# China dominant in future APEC energy consumption growth

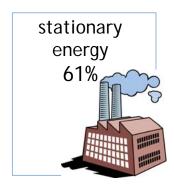






# Energy consumption in APEC stationary energy sector in 2004



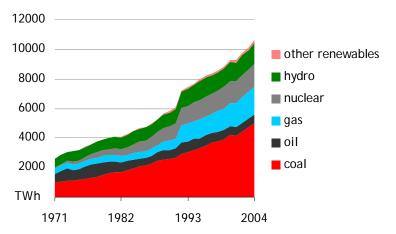


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## APEC electricity generation by fuel type



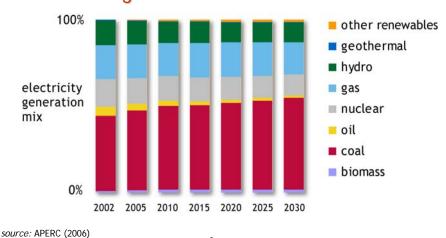
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excludes Russian Federation before 1992





# Coal will dominate APEC electricity generation to 2030







## Policy options

- Enhancing energy security
- Improving the operation of energy markets
- Facilitating investment in cleaner energy technologies
- Encouraging energy efficiency





# Technology options for electricity generation

#### **Technologies**

- advanced coal
- advanced gas
- nuclear power
- renewables

#### Emission control options

- electrostatic precipitators
- flue gas desulfurisation
- selective catalytic reduction
- carbon capture and storage

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### Technology options for end use sectors

- direct reduced iron in iron and steel production
- inert anodes in aluminium sector
- fluidised bed kiln technology in cement sector
- lighting in households
- energy management systems for buildings





### What are the barriers to investment?

- macroeconomic conditions and trade restrictions
- inadequate institutional capacities
- inadequate infrastructure
- · inadequate intellectual property rights
- · inadequate human capital

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# Policy options to encourage new technology

- Intellectual property rights
- Government technology and performance standards
- · Grants, subsidies and tax incentives
- · Emissions trading /tax schemes
- · Joint ventures and international collaboration





### The importance of cooperation

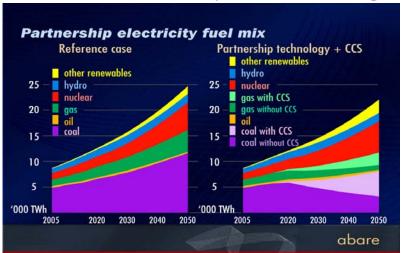
- Solid achievements of APEC Energy Working Group
- Collaboration with other international organisations, including the IEA, APP and EAS
- · Cooperation can achieve tangible results

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### APP - collaborative adoption of technologies





### Conclusions

- Assess the options for addressing barriers to technology uptake
- Efficient operation of markets can enhance uptake
- Encourage energy efficiency and diversity
- Continue to collaborate and share information