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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)'s Cooperative Aviation Security Role in the Asia Pacific

Submitted by: International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)



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ICAO General Overview

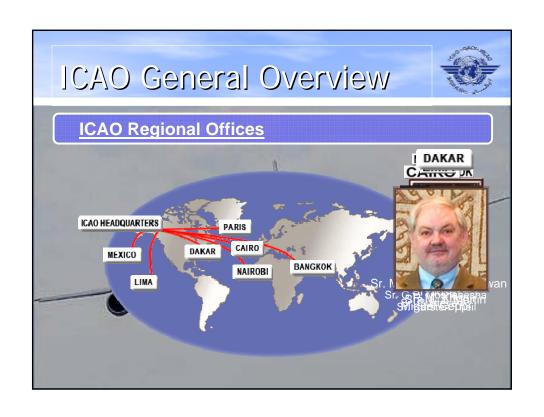


The Council

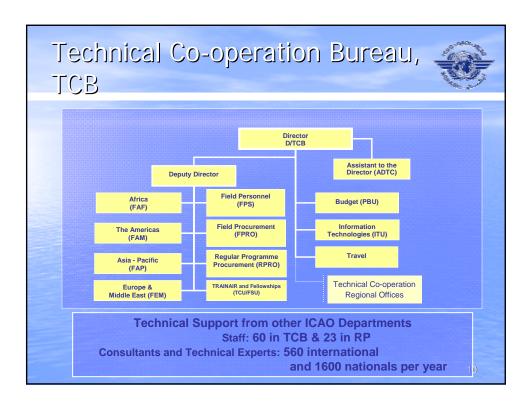
The governing body which is elected by the Assembly for a three-year term.

The Assembly chooses the Council Member States under three headings:

- States of chief importance in air transport,
- States which make the largest contribution to the provision of facilities for air navigation, and
- States whose designation will ensure that all major areas of the world are represented.







Technical Co-operation Bureau, TCB



TCB Field Operations Sections

Africa Asia-Pacific Europe-Middle East The Americas

- Identification of projects for Technical Co-operation
- Projects documents under ICAO Standards
- Representing TCB for new projects approval
- Evaluation of best experts, recommendation of training and equipment to be acquired
- Technical and administrative support to experts
- Project management and missions to the projects

Technical Co-operation Bureau, TCB



Support from Regular Programme

Air Navigation and Air Transport Bureaux:

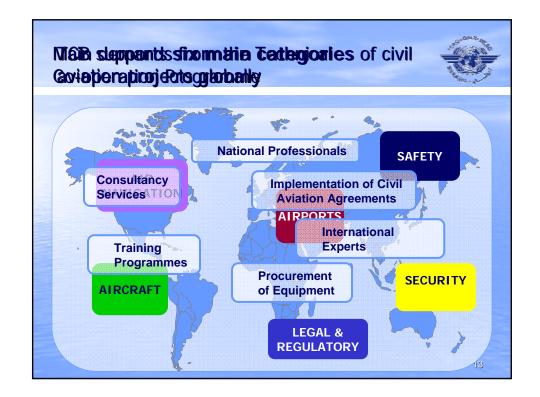
Technical support in preparation, missions, training and consultancy

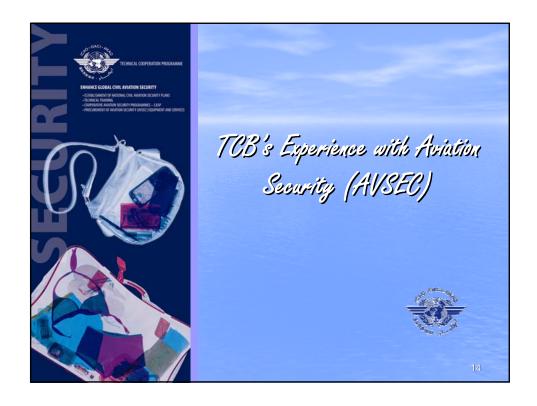
Coordination of projects and internal activities like TRAINAIR, USOAP, USAP and AVSEC, etc.

• Legal Bureau:

For elaboration of agreements and legal support to TCB activities

- Finance Bureau: ICAO budgetary unit
- Human Resource Bureau: Administration of personnel in Montreal and Regional Offices





The CASP Concept



- Co-operative Aviation Security Programme (CASP)
- Provide expertise and harmonization of AVSEC standards and assist with equipment purchase
- Assist compliance with international obligations, ICAO AVSEC audit recommendations and ICAO SARPs both Annex 17 & 9.
- Act as point of AVSEC coordination in the sub-region
- Review/provide security programmes a regulatory framework and training.

Cooperative Aviation Security Programme Asia-Pacific (CASP-AP)



Presently 24 member States & Administrations

Australia

Bhutan

Brunei Darussalam

Cambodia

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Hong Kong China

India

Indonesia

Japan

Kiribati

Korea, Republic of

Lao PDR Macau China

Malaysia

Maldives Islands

Mongolia

Nepal

Philippines Singapore

Sri Lanka Thailand

Timor Leste

Tonga Viet Nam

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CASP-AP Concept



Discussions at the 33rd ICAO Assembly following terrorist attacks in the USA on 11 September 2001

Emphasized need for a comprehensive global AVSEC Plan of Action, technical cooperation and the adoption of a regional and sub-regional approach.



Initially intended to mirror the regional safety programmes with three sub-regional programmes North Asia, South Asia & South East Asia

APAC Director's General considered one programme would achieve greater uniformity and harmonization, therefore CASP covers all Asia Pacific.

CASP-AP was established in April 2005 and located at the ICAO Regional Office Bangkok

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CASP-AP Concept



Concept for the programme to be controlled by a Steering Committee with representation from each member State and Administrations

Chairman would be nominated by each member State and Administration in alphabetical order and changed annually



CASP-AP is funded by each member State and Administration and donors.

Based on annual contribution of US\$35,000 but "assistance-in-kind" is also recognized.

CASP-AP is staffed with one Programme Coordinator, one part-time Air Law Expert and one part-time Aviation Security Training Instructor

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CASP-AP Concept



The work of CASP-AP was initially divided into three Phases

- 1. Evaluation and revision, as necessary, of National Civil Aviation Security Programmes and Airport Security Programmes.
- 2. Evaluation and revision, as necessary, of AVSEC related legislation and regulations.
- 3. Development of a generic National Civil Aviation Training Programme for the region



As the programme developed it became necessary to amend the outcomes of phases 1 & 3.

- Proved difficult to evaluate Airport Programmes before
 National Programmes were approved and promulgated.
- The number of airports involved were beyond programme resources.
- ICAO had substantially amended the Security Annex 17.
- Training was emerging as a priority.

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CASP-AP Concept



Phase 1 was amended as follows

- Assess the adequacy of oversight at the main international airports using CASP-AP resources or access to the ICAO security audit reports.
- Recommend changes to the Airport Security Programme when the CASP-AP National Programme was promulgated for Implementation.



Phase 3 was amended as follows:

- Based on the generic CASP-AP developed training programme provide customized training programmes for each member State and Administration as necessary.
- Provision of in-country AVSEC Instructor Training courses.

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CASP-AP Achievements



- An initial membership of 12 has now grown to 24.
- National Civil Aviation Security Programmes of 16 States and Administrations evaluated and assistance in revision provided. A further 4 programmes pending.
- Nine Airport Security Programme evaluations conducted.
- Thirteen National Quality Control Programmes evaluated.

CASP-AP Achievements



- Fifteen National Training Programmes developed and customized.
- Nine in-country Instructor Courses provided with more than 100 attendees.
- One in-country National Inspector Course and one Quality Control workshop provided.

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CASP-AP Achievements



- Model Aviation Security Legislation developed.
- National legislation reviewed for 20 States and Administrations with 17 reports finalized.
- Model AVSEC regulations are being developed to aid adoption, implementation and enforcement of National Civil Aviation Security Programmes.

CASP-AP in the future



- Standing structure for aviation security in Asia Pacific under consideration using CASP-AP as the implementing agency.
- Providing a long-term structure for cooperation and coordination of AVSEC matters among CASP-AP members.
- Facilitate information exchange, joint assistance to member administrations, provision of expert advisory and consultancy services and provision of technical assistance.
- Coordinated through an MoU signed between Members and witnessed by ICAO.

CASP-AP in the future



- Provision of assistance with implementation of security audit Corrective Action Plans and Phase 2 audit preparations.
- Provision of assistance with Regulated Agent Security Programmes.
- Provision of assistance with supply chain integrity programmes for liquid aerosol and gels (LAG).
- Act as focal point for assessment of LAG supply chain integrity verification.

CASP-AP in the future



- Continuation of security programme development.
- Continuation of security training with increased emphasis on Quality Control and Security Inspector courses.
- Continuation of legislative and regulatory evaluation.
- Act as focal point for ICAO AVSEC Roadmap in Asia Pacific.

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In the Middle East with COSCAP-GS



- COSCAP Gulf States.
- AVSEC integrated together with the safety and airworthiness responsibilities.
- Started in 2006 and currently has 3 member States.
- Projected to run through 2009.





AVSEC in Africa



- Equatorial Guinea
- Reinforcement of AVSEC in Equatorial Guinea
- Cameroon (awaiting approval)
- Training Need Analysis and Elaboration of a Strategic Training Plan for AVSEC
- Ethiopia
- Aviation Security Equipment Procurement Consulting

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