

2016/OFWG/009 Agenda Item: VII A

### Manual on Good Practices to Improve the Marine Products from the Subsistence Fishery Sector in the Asia Pacific Region

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# Manual on Good Practices to Improve the Supply Chain of Marine Products from the Subsistence Fishery sector in the Asia Pacific Region

Oceans and Fisheries Working Group

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### APEC Project: OFWG 01 2015A

Produced by **Organismo Nacional de Sanidad Pesquera-SANIPES** Edmundo Vargas (Project Overseer) Francisco Blaha (Contracted Author) Domingo Orué Nº165, piso 7 Surquillo - Lima – Perú +51 1 213 8570

#### For

#### **APEC Secretariat**

35 Heng Mui Keng Terrace Singapore 119616 Tel +65 6891 9627 Fax +65 6891 9690 E-mail: Info@apec.org Website: www.apec.org

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### Foreword

Small-scale fisheries are highly dynamic, labour intensive and usually not integrated with local marketing arrangements. Small-scale fishers, their families and communities are critically dependent on fish for their food and livelihood security and are extremely vulnerable to external pressures and shocks.

Products originating from subsistence or small-scale fisheries require good handling practices along the supply chain, since up to 30% of the catch in some cases, is lost due to poor handling practices.

Therefore, proper management and efficiency throughout the core of the supply chain can increase the economic growth of the fishery communities, open new job positions for women and strengthen food security; consequently, we will need fewer marine resources contributing to the conservation of the fish stock.

The aim of this manual is to facilitate the improvement of the catch condition of subsistence fishers (aiming at food security) by reducing economic losses and overfishing by the deterioration of fish products that were not properly handled, achieving that consumers receive high-quality products.

A Stakeholders Workshop of APEC Economies took place in Lima, Peru from the 1 to 4 May 2016, with the aim of deciding the contents and format of this publication.

The workshop recommended that:

- The target audience would be the subsistence fisheries segment.
- The key topic would be the application of good fish handling principles to catching, landing and transport to the 1st point of sale.
- The contents do no aim to set the final level for subsistence Fishers, just the initial level.
- Each economy will be free to add up and transform what they require to adapt it to their needs.
- The manual will be delivered to the fisherfolk via the extension offices or the authorities.
- The manual will be delivered in draft pdf for guidance and as an "InDesign" software file bundle as to be easily translated, adapted and printed by the different APEC economies
- The economies can add Chapters, but hopefully, maintain the present minimal content.
- As the "target" audience may have little formal education, the way to engage them is via "cartoon" type illustrations and an informal language to present the key messages in the text.
- The "cartoon" part is to be based on a fishers' "family" setting and with examples of good and bad practices.
- Illustrations would be in black and white to facilitate printing, and also to be used as "colouring book" by the children in the fishers' households.
- Fish Handling message would be presented under four simple pillars:
  - Keep it clean Keep it cold Treat it gently Move it fast

# How to use this manual

The manual is intended for use as a training aid to help introduce and explain post-harvest fishing topics to subsistence fishermen and others actors in the coastal fisheries value chain. To support this aim, the manual presents as much information as possible in a visual form, for the benefit of fisherfolk whose literacy may be limited. For the same reason, the text has been kept as simple and non-technical as possible.

In compiling this manual, we have split the many interwoven aspects of post-harvest and fishing into a series of individual topics. Each covered in "chapters" intended to convey the information and practices relevant to that particular subject. We have tried to be comprehensive in the coverage of each topic.

Since there is a vast variety of fishers cultures and practices among the APEC membership, we tried to present the range of options or opinions on subjects.

The manual has a structure of separate but consecutive chapters, as to allow for training delivery in an integral programme or by chapters.

Each chapter has guiding text to be used as "aide memoir" by trainers and illustrations for each concept, as to convey the message without relying only on written words.

Chapter 1 deals with the basics of good fish handling and is general to all other chapters

Chapter 2 deals with good fish handling at the time of capture and harvesting.

Chapter 3 deals with good fish handling at the landing.

Chapter 4 deals with good fish handling during transport.

Chapter 5 deals with good fish handling at point of sale and the prior importance of these practices Chapter 6 deals with very basics of traceability at all stages

Chapter 7 deals with the very basics of the importance of the ecosystems approach to fishing.

The pages of each chapter present the contents in a "graphic narrative" with the key concepts of the chapter supported by minimal text and examples of common good and bad practices.

The illustrations are based on a fisherfolk family along with different "characters' representing fish, bacteria and enzymes. The fisher guides the explanations to his family and colleagues along the manual.

The illustrations are in black and white to facilitate printing, but also to be used as "colouring book" and encourage the children in the fishing families to keep the manual in their households.

Predictably, it has proven impossible to avoid overlap altogether. However, we hope that the crossreferences in the text will enable trainers and trainees to follow a given theme through the manual, independently of the mode and time of training delivery.

#### Disclaimer

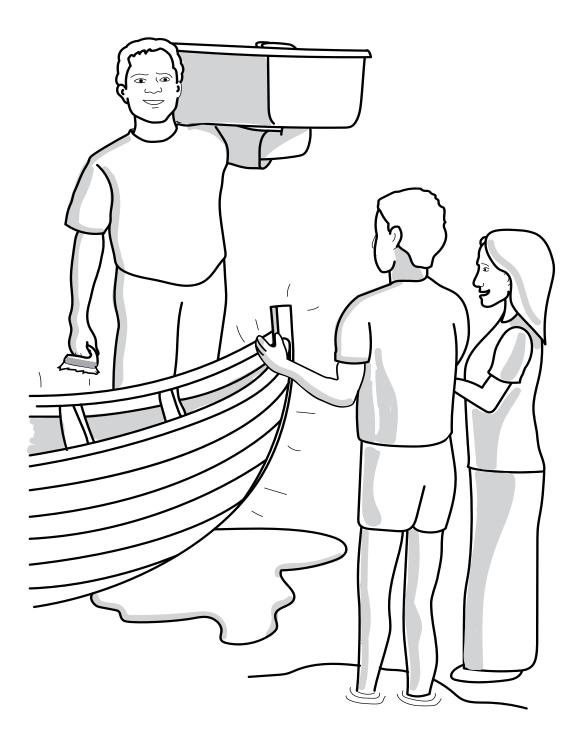
Reference to persons in any particular gender is understood to include persons of the opposite gender unless otherwise stated, or made explicit by the context.

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# The 4 Rules of Good Fish Handling

Chapter 1



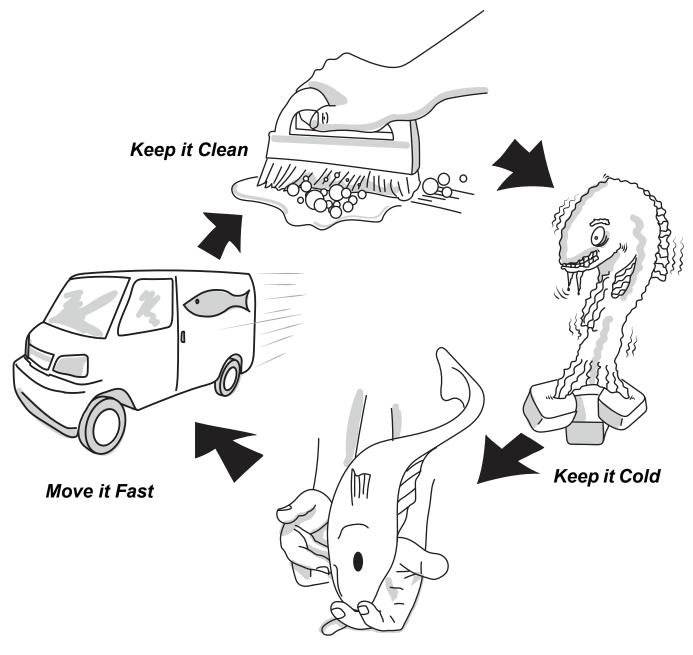
As the fisherman pulled in his catch, his children ran up to him. "Dad, Dad, can you tell us about the most important things about catching fish?" "Sure," he said and sat down with them and his wife after he'd taken care of his catch and cleaned himself.

He had a book with lots of pictures to show them.

Therea are 4 important rules about fish handling.

I'll tell you about them, and how these apply to catching, landing, transporting and selling fish.

### The 4 Rules of Fish Handling

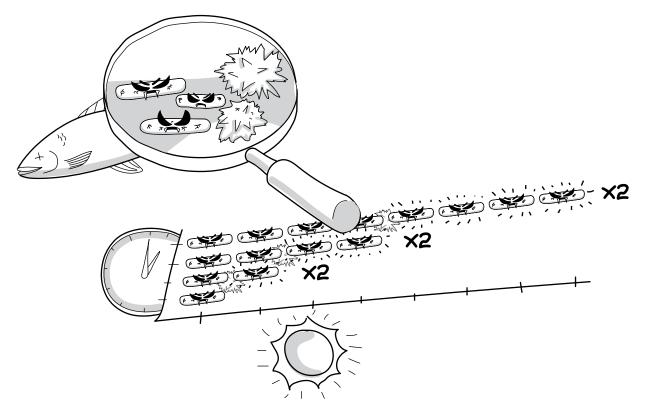


Treat it Gentle

As soon as the fish dies, it begins to break down and rot

What makes it rot is *Bacteria* that starts to multiply in minutes and start eating the fish and spreading around

And there is the *Enzymes*, which also make the fish rot. They normally break down the food in the fish's stomach, but they start breaking down the fish instead once it's dead The best way to slow down Bacteria and Enzymes, is by making them feel cold

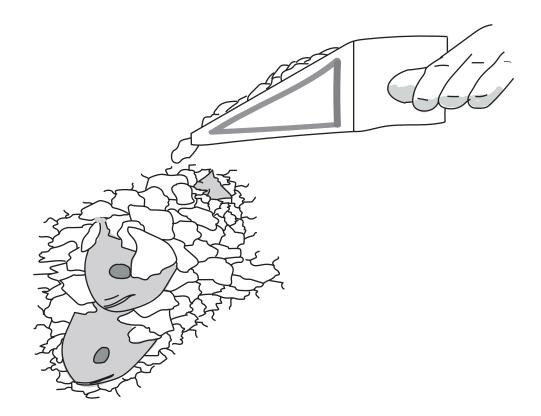


As soon as you catch the fish, the initial rule is to **KEEP IT COLD** as quick as possible otherwise it will start to break-down very fast

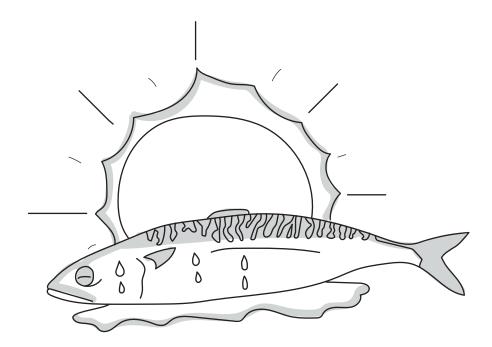


Ice well the fish or store it in a cold place to reduce the bacteria's multiplication and the enzyme's activity

The colder the fish, the longer it will stay fresh and the fresher it will taste



Can you recover the good quality of the fish once is warm by puting it in ice?



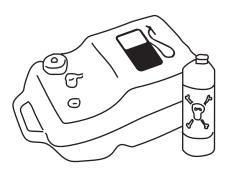
"Unfortunately not, once they are spoiled, nothing makes them better again"

### The next tule is to keep EVERYTHING CLEAN

"Everything the fish touches, including people, must be kept very clean. Your boat, fishing gear, equipment and even the fishers"

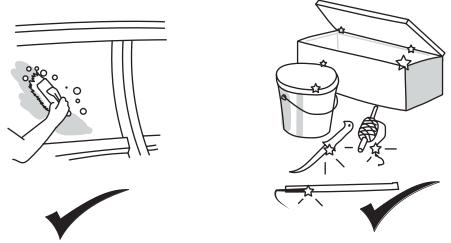


"The cleaner the boat, the fish baskets and bins, the cleaner the ice and the fishers, the longer the fish will stay fresh and the fresher it will taste"

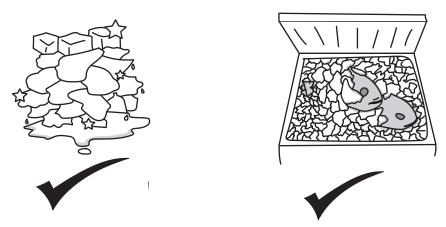


Make sure that the fuel and oil don't mess up the boat and ruin the fish

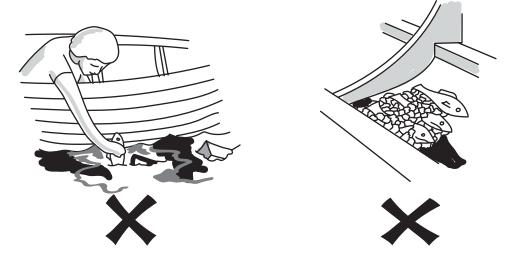
The most important rule of cleaning: We cannot clean with dirty stuff!



Use clean water for washing and keep everything clean. Use brush, detergent and desinfectant if it possible.

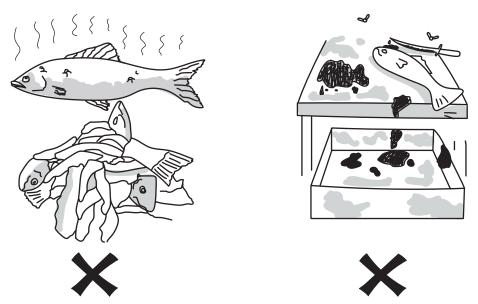


Use clean ice in clean fish containers and keep it iced

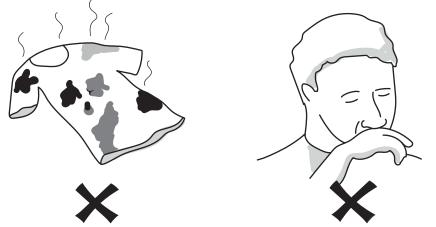


Don't wash the fish in dirty seawater, and dont keep it in dirty places

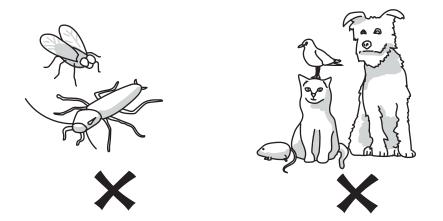
### We need to make sure that



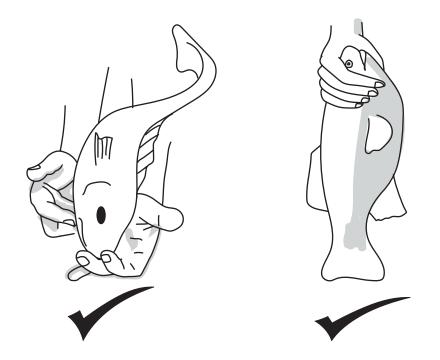
Also all the fish guts, bait and rotting fish must be keep as far away as possible from fresh fish, to avoid cross-contamination



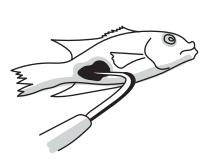
And you must be clean and on good health to work with fish, otherwise you'll infect the fish and make people sick



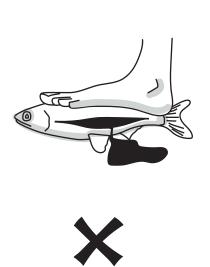
Insects, pests, domestic animals and birds can also infect you or the fish, and make people sick. So we have to keep them away from fresh fish The next rule we must remember is to **BE GENTLE** with the fish

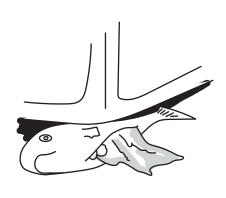


The fish will spoil faster if you bruise it, split the skin, or burst the guts Holding fish from the head is a good way to avoid damage











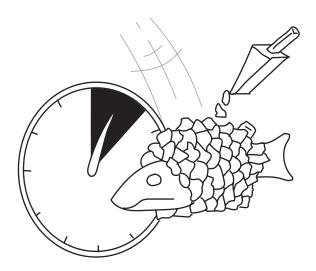
Don't gaff the fish on the body

Don't stand on the fish

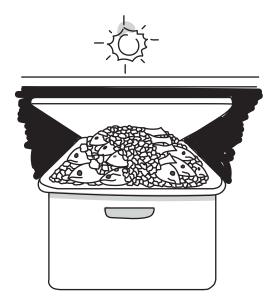
Don't squash the fish under heavy objects

If you're a good fisher, you should treat your fish with respect and care from catching to selling

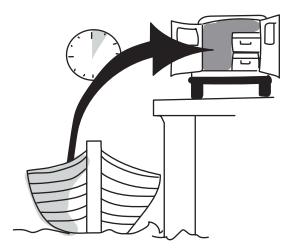
To avoid bacteria and enzymes damaging the fish, ice it and transport it quickly



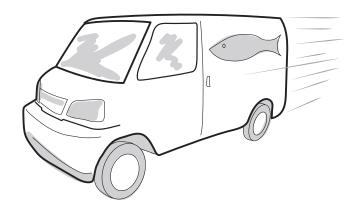
If you're low on ice, you need to transport it quickly



If you can't be quick you'll need lots of ice



Make sure that you don't leave the fish untended for longer that strictly necessary

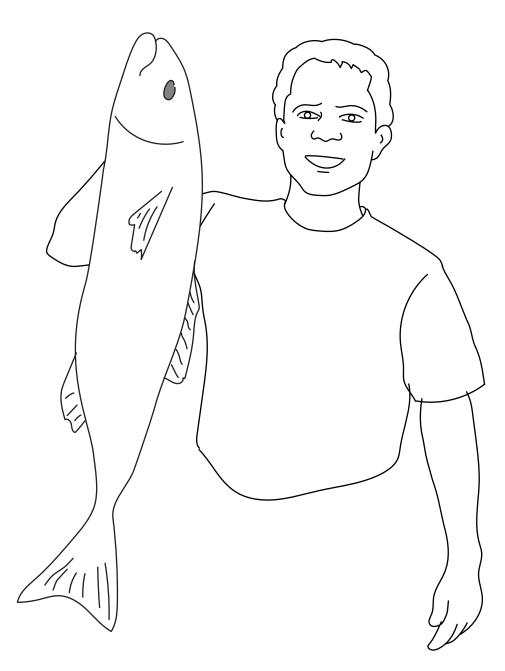


Make sure that the transporter does not ruin the fish by not icing it or leaving it for long time in the truck

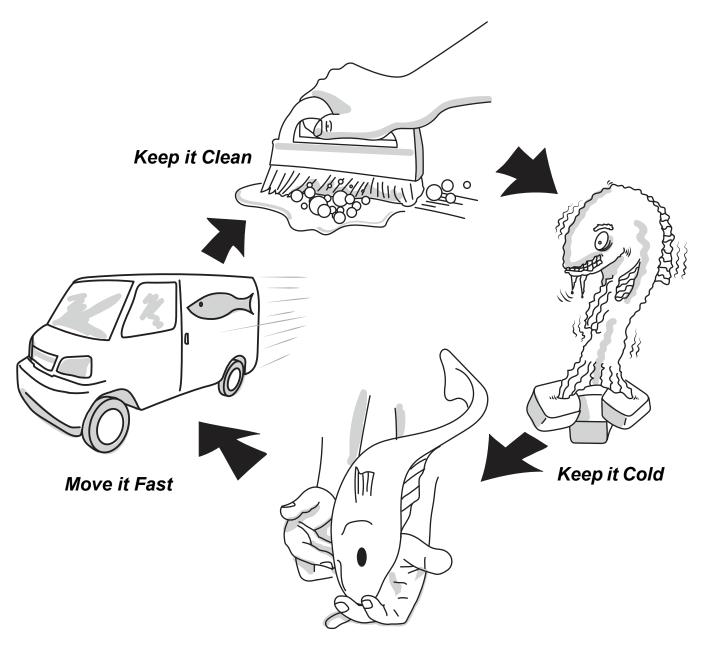
# **Catching the Fish**

Chapter 2

"It doesn't matter how you catch fish, the 4 Rules of Fish Handling always apply"



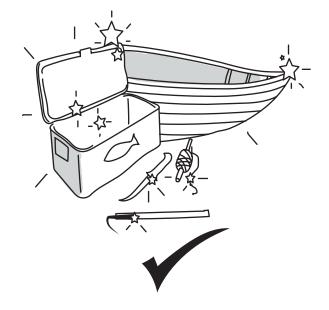
It could be fishing from a boat somewhere, spearfishing or from the shore. Lets see how they work in different situations "Can you remember the rules?"



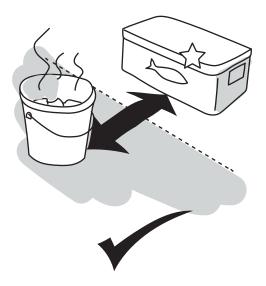
Treat it Gentle

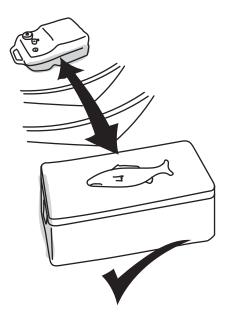
"How to keep your boat CLEAN"





Keep the boat clean with clean water, a scrubbing brush and detergent/desinfectant mix Clean equipment means less bacteria and enzymes, and that means better fish





"Separate bait or old fish from new fish" The bacteria in the old fish or bait will spoil the new fish if they're together in the same place "Keep fuel away from your fish to avoid spoiling your catch""Buyers will pays less money for fish smelling like fuel Taking good care of your equipement



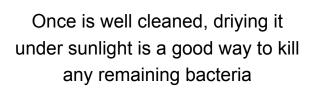


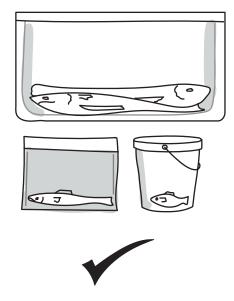


Keep a cleaning set, use it with clean seawater, scrubbing brush and detergent/desinfectant mix

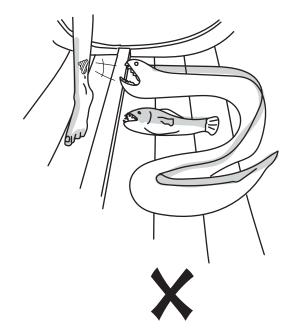
If you run out of detergent, at least clean your stuff with clean seawater, and a clean scrubbing brush



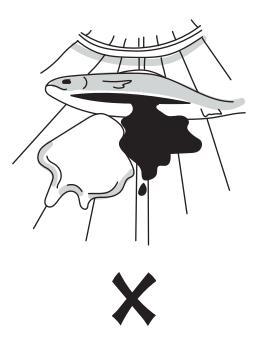




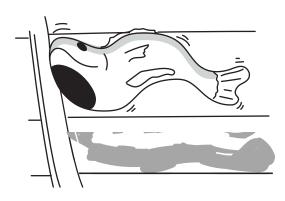
Make sure your containers are well mantained and adecuate for the fish you catch Fish kept in the bottom of the boat can cause a number of problems



Spikes and teeth of thrashing fish can cause you injury.



Slime and blood from fish makes the boat slippery and dangerous





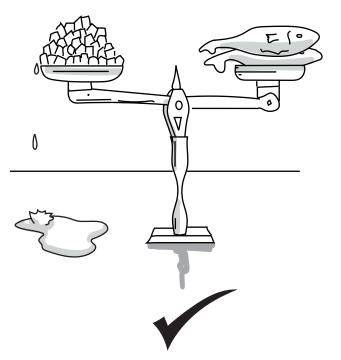


Thrashing fish hit themselves against frames or hard items, cutting, bruising and lowering the quality of the fish

Any dirty or contaminated things your handle risk falling on good fresh fish and ruining it

### How to keep your fish COOL onboard

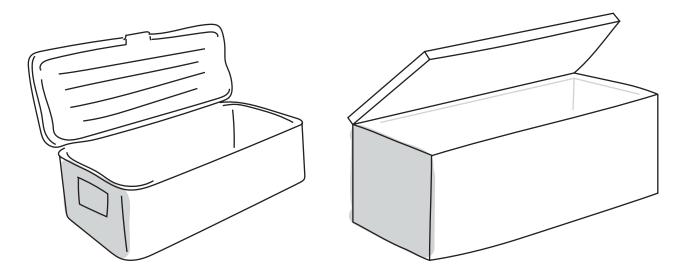




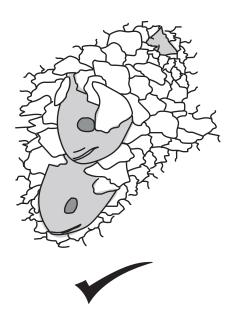
The fish needs to "feel" cold when you touch it

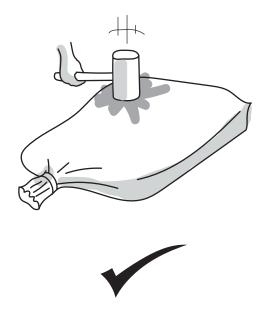
Try to have as much ice as fish you are triying to catch

The best way to carry ice is in an isulated container

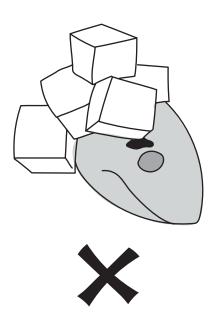


Plastic Chiller Bins work well in all types of boats, in big boats you can use old fridges or chest freezers, but they are more dangerous to handle, harder to clean and rust away very quickly But not all icing works the same





Flake or small ice is best. The small pieces to surround the fish closer, so it's better cooled You can smash the big pieces of ice into smallers inside a bag to avoid loosing ice and making it dirty

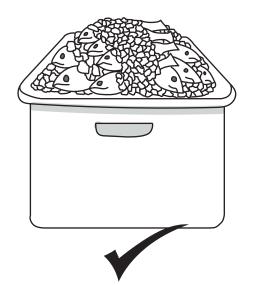


Big blocks of ice don't cool as well ones and damage the fish

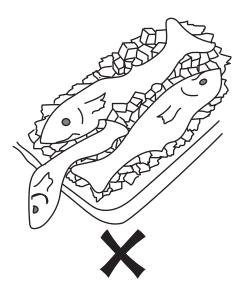


Reusing old dirty ice is not a good idea as it contaminates the "new" fish

### **Good Icing practices**

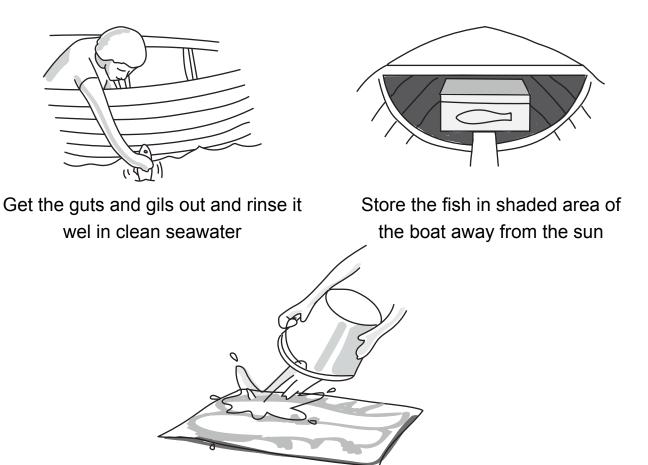


Layer the fish and the ice, so there is always ice on top and below the fish

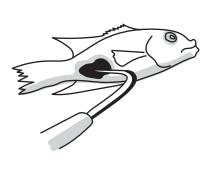


If the top later has melted or the ice shifted repack the fish

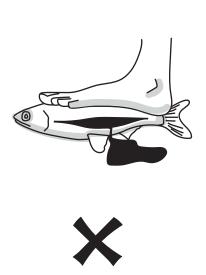
### What can be done if you have no access to ice?

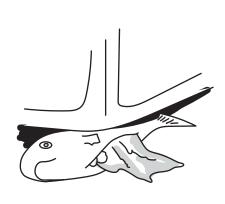


If the fish are too big, put a clean thick wet cloth over the them and keep it wet









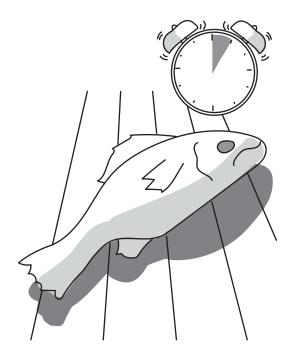


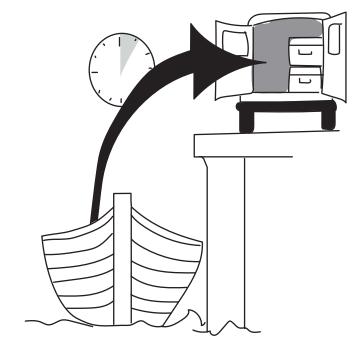
Don't squash the fish under heavy objects

Don't gaff the fish on the body.

Don't stand on the fish.

Be QUICK moving the fish out of the boat The less time bacteria and enzymes have, the better the catch will be. If you cannot be cold with fish, then definitely be quick!





Don't leave the fish unatended on the deck of the boat for too long.

Unload the fish as quick as possible after fishing.

Many fishers catch other species, but do it from the shore. The 4 rules apply to them too and what they're catching.

### **Prawns and Shrimp**

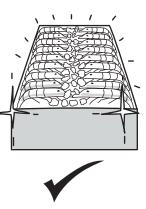
Can spoil quickly and loose their fluids, which reduces their value and flavour





Be Quick and Keep Cool Cool them down quickly with ice because prawns spoil quickly

Be Gentle Because they damage easily and loose value. Broken ones spoil faster

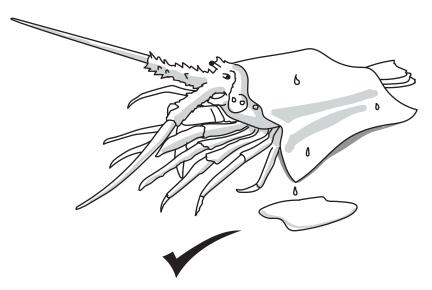


Be Clean

The cleaner the ice and the containers the longer and fresher they will last

### Lobsters

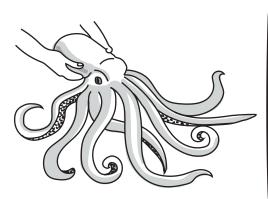
Lobsters have more value when alive, putting thenm in ice will kill them, but is important to keep them cool and hidrated

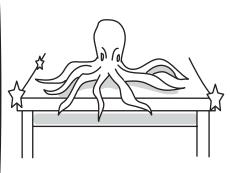


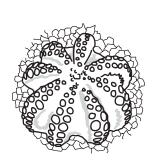
*Keep them Cool* By wrapping them into a tight damp cloth Many fishers catch other species, but do it from the shore. The 4 rules apply to them too and what they're catching.

### Octopus

Are very delicate because they dont have a rigid bony skeleton







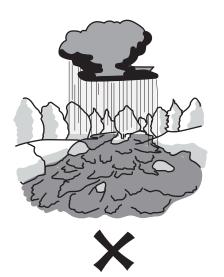
**Be Gentle** Minimise physical damage, the skin breaks easilly

**Be Clean** When your gut it, clean it and cut it

*Keep Cold* Once dead keep it iced as they spoil fast

### Shellfish

Harvest only come from clean places. If the water smell foul is better for you to cook them, and don't eat them raw





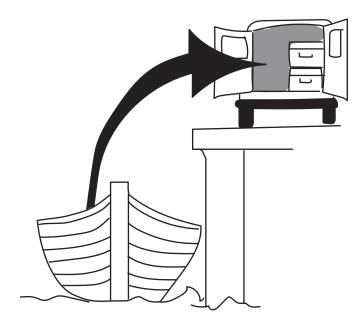


**Be Clean** Don't harvest after big rains if cattle is nearby

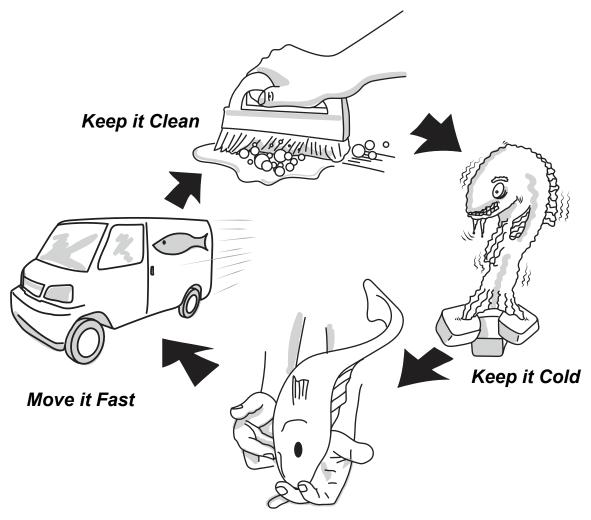
**Be Gentle** Don't throw them. They should be alive

*Keep Cold* Keep them in a damp place without sunlight

### Landing the Fish Chapter 3



It doesn't matter where or when you unload your fish, the 4 rules are important



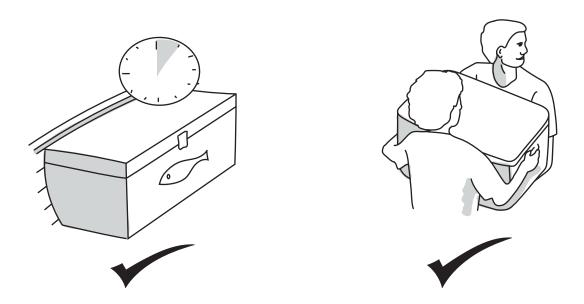
Treat it Gentle

### **Best Practices**

Landing should only commence once all the equipment and people are ready.

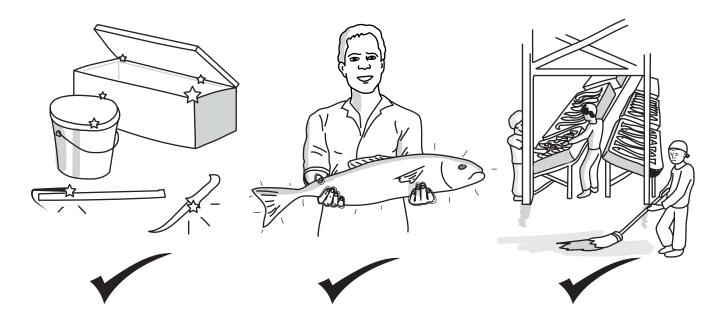


Unload the catch quickly to avoid the fish sitting out in the heat. Avoid the hottest part of the day.



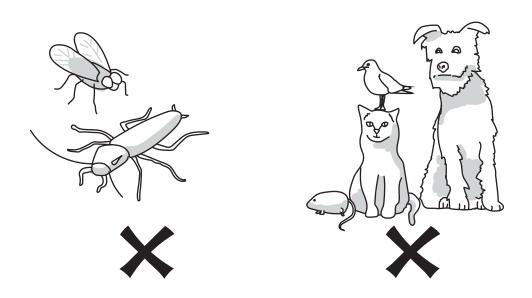
### Be Quick and Keep Cool

Don't leave your fish in the onboard storage any longer than necessary. If you need to leave it longer, check it regularly and add more ice if needed. Unload the fish box and then transfer the fish later into the next iced place Here is where you depart from your hard caught fish, so make sure that the people reciving it respect the 4 rules



### Be Gentle and Keep it Clean

Good cleaning of everything, including fish boxes is vital after use. Rinse, scrub with detergent/desinfectant and rinse wel with fresh water before adding fish or ice.

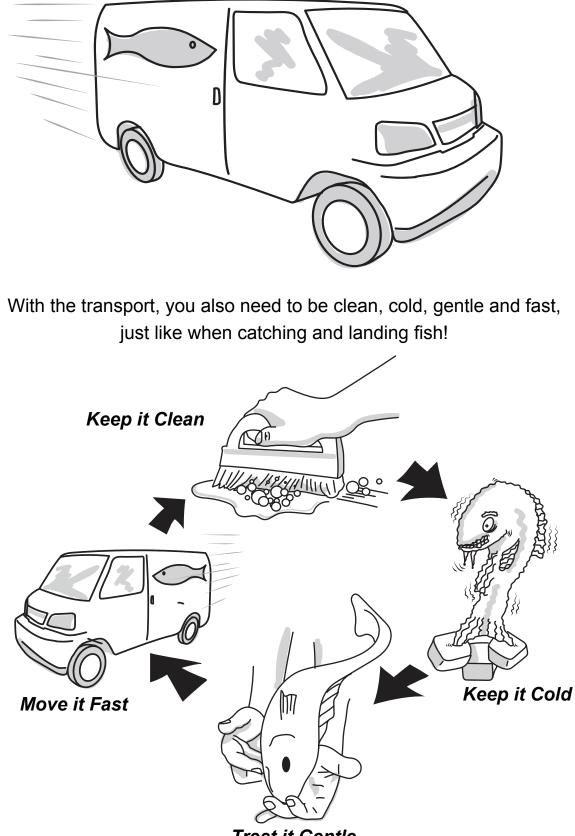


Keep it Clean

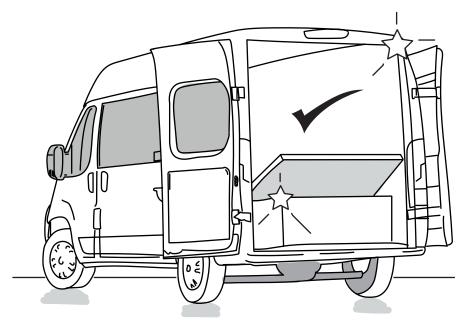
Ensure that there are no insects, pests, domestic animals in the landing site. And if they are, make sure that they dont get to the fish or come to the boat

# **Transporting the Fish**

Chapter 4

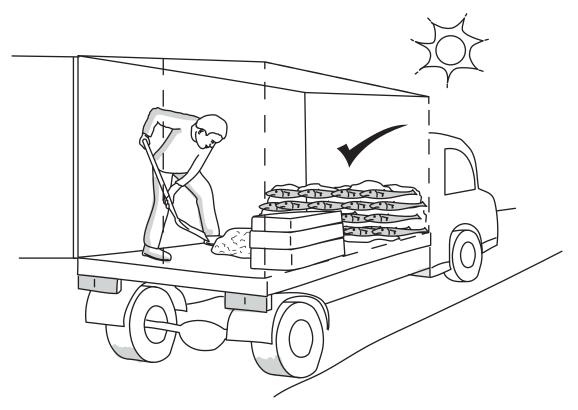


Treat it Gentle



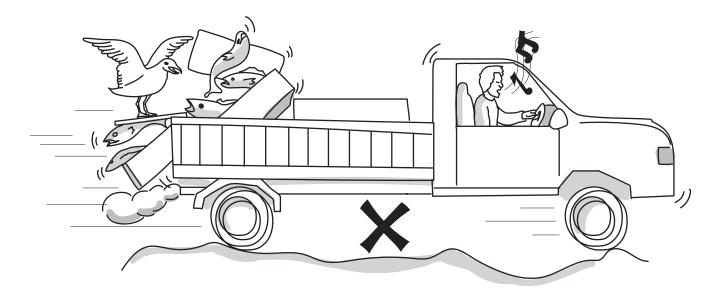
Keep it Clean

Good cleaning of everything that touches the fish is really important. Rinse, scrub with detergent/desinfectant and rinse wel with fresh water before loading fish or ice.



Keep it Cold

Ice the fish like if it was in a boat to avoid temperature fluctuations. This is especially important if the fish is in transport for a long time.



Treat it Gentle

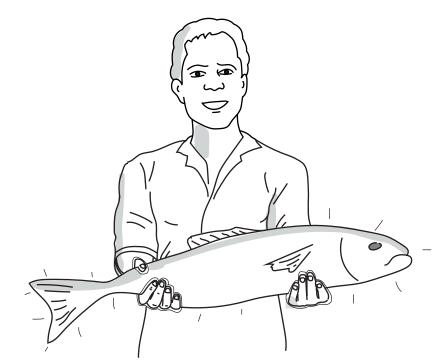
If the truck is open all the fish should covered or in boxes and the load tied up. Drive slowlly if the roads are bumpy to avoid damaging the fish



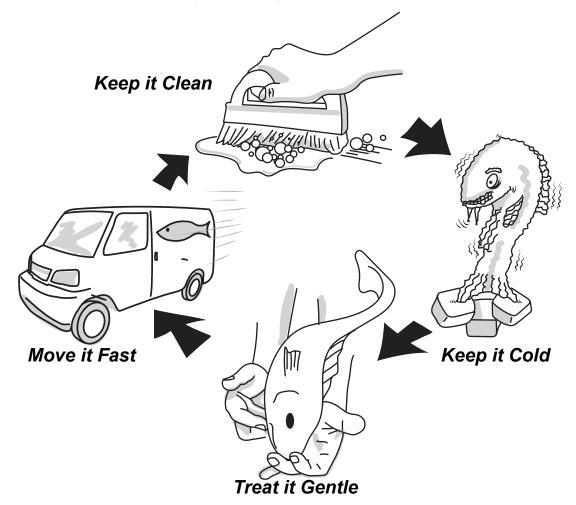
### Move it fast

You should not be driving faster than allowed! But don't waste time either!

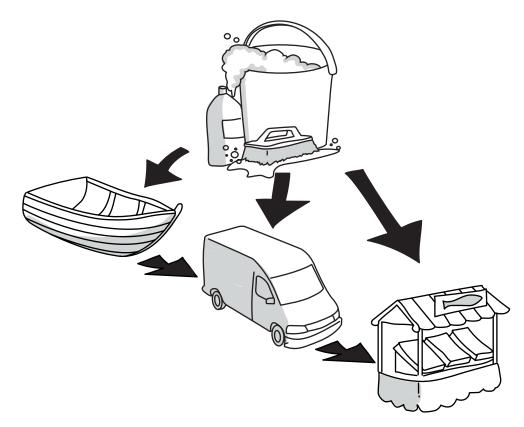
### Selling the Fish Chapter 5



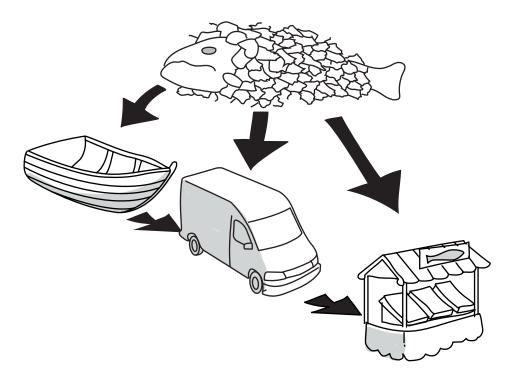
Here is were the effort that you have done so far with the 4 rules will pay back, as you have good fish to sell



Clean and Cold from the boat to the market

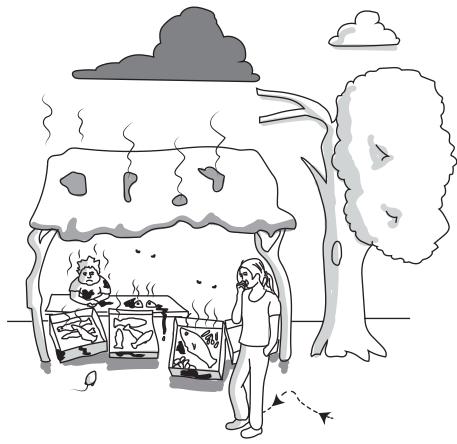


Cleanliness from catching the fish through to selling, avoids unnecessary bacterial contamination and keeps the fish smelling fresher for a better price



Keeping the fish cold from catching through to selling, slows the bacterial and enzymes activity, keeping the fish fresher for a better price

Clean and Cold in the market



People don't like buying warm fish from messy and smelly fish stalls



People like fresh looking fish from nicely organised fish stalls.

### Traceability of the Fish Chapter 6

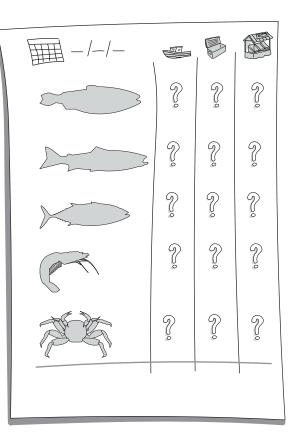
### No one really likes paper work...

But is important to keep record of what and how much your caught, to whom you sold it.

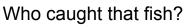
Or what fish you brought, from whom, how it was stored and who and when you sold the fish to.

Records could protect you from being short paid. Giving you the ability to identify what fish people brought and who supplied you.

If someone the accuses you of doing something wrong, you can prove you didn't do it.



### Its good to record the following information





Was iced and how long was it stored?



Who transported it and to where?



Where it was caught?



When was it caught?



When and where was it landed?

Quality and temperature when delivered?



Quality and temperature when landed?



Who bought	it and
then sold	it?

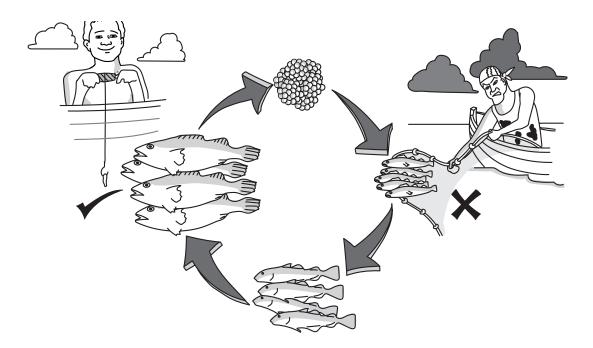


## **Ecosystem - What fish to catch?**

Chapter 7

### Is important to understand the life cycles of fish.

We need to ensure that we have fish next year, so we may need to throw the smaller fish back into the water alive, so they can grow up and reproduce. We can keep the big ones that have already reproduced.



If we don't take care, we can get to overfishing, which is a situation where we catch too much fish and such fast pace than they cannot naturally replenish. Otherwise, we take out more fish than the fish can naturally reproduce.

Fishermen want to make a living by catching and selling fish, as do the fish sellers. Consumers want to eat fish, but also want to preserve the ecosystem, which in turn wants to sustain itself.

If everyone takes care only of their interests and ignores everyone else, then no one wins, and we all lose.

Only by knowing the facts about when and how much fish we can take out of the sea and still have enough left to sustain the fish population, we all will have fish in the future for our families.

### Notes

### Notes

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#### Produced by

**Organismo Nacional de Sanidad Pesquera-SANIPES** Edmundo Vargas (Project Overseer)

Francisco Blaha (Contracted Author) Domingo Orué Nº165, piso 7 Surquillo - Lima – Perú +51 1 213 8570

#### For

#### **APEC Secretariat**

35 Heng Mui Keng Terrace Singapore 119616 Tel +65 6891 9627 Fax +65 6891 9690 E-mail: Info@apec.org Website: www.apec.org

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