

2019/SOM1/EC/WKSP2/015

Chile's Free Trade Agreement Practice: Telecommunications and e-Commerce

Submitted by: Chile



Workshop on the Digital Economy: Measurement, Regulation and Inclusion Santiago, Chile 6 March 2019

Chile's FTA practice: Telecommunications and e-commerce

Services and Investment Department

{ Digital Economy: Why are we doing this?}

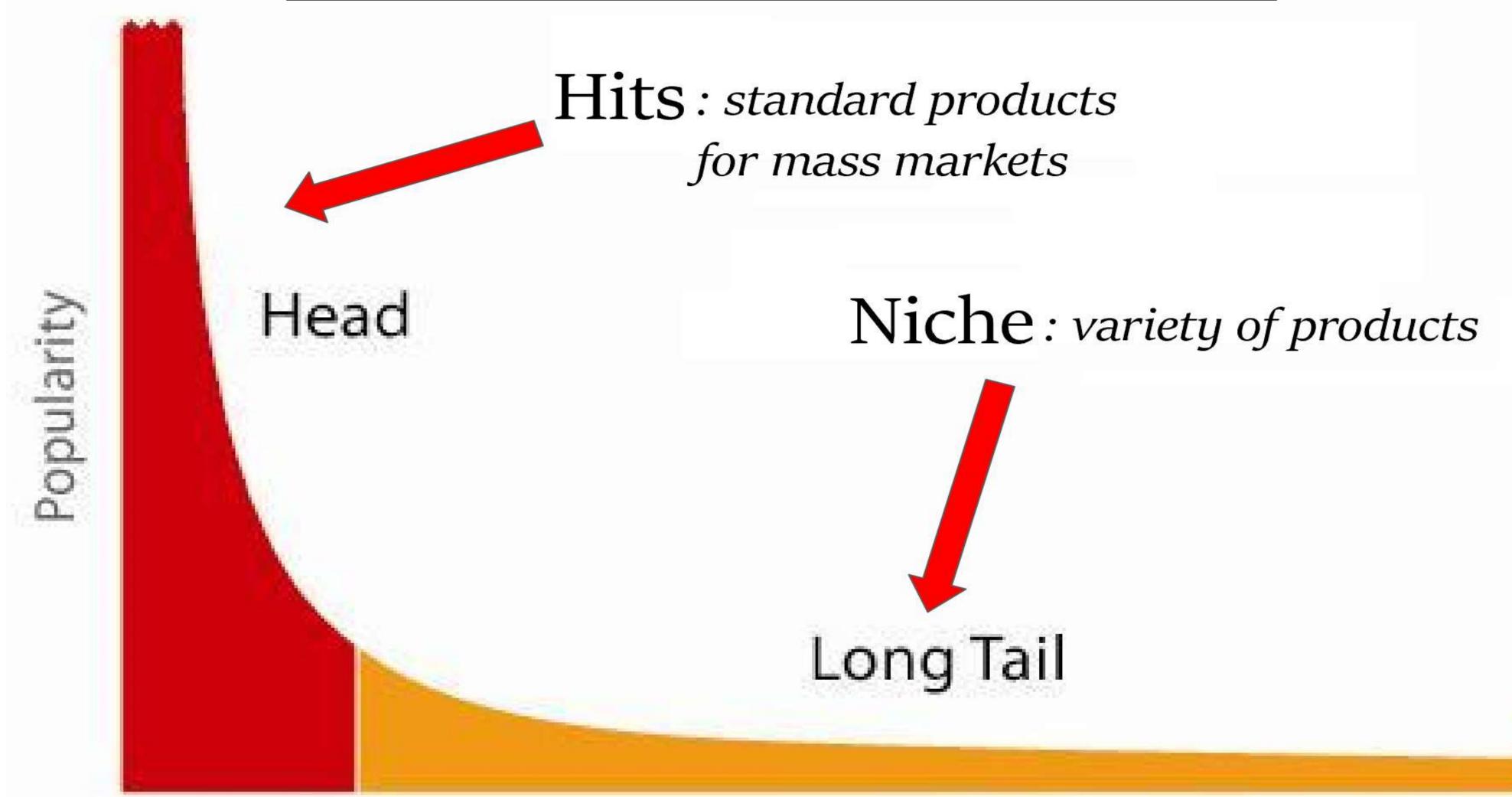
 Internet has changed the way we <u>communicate</u>, <u>access information</u>, <u>knowledge</u> and <u>culture</u>

 Has modified <u>industrial and economic</u> <u>structures</u>

Characteristics of the Internet and Digital Economy

- Decreasing average production costs
- Low reproduction, storage and distribution costs
- Modest capital requirements
- Wide range of products

The new marketplace



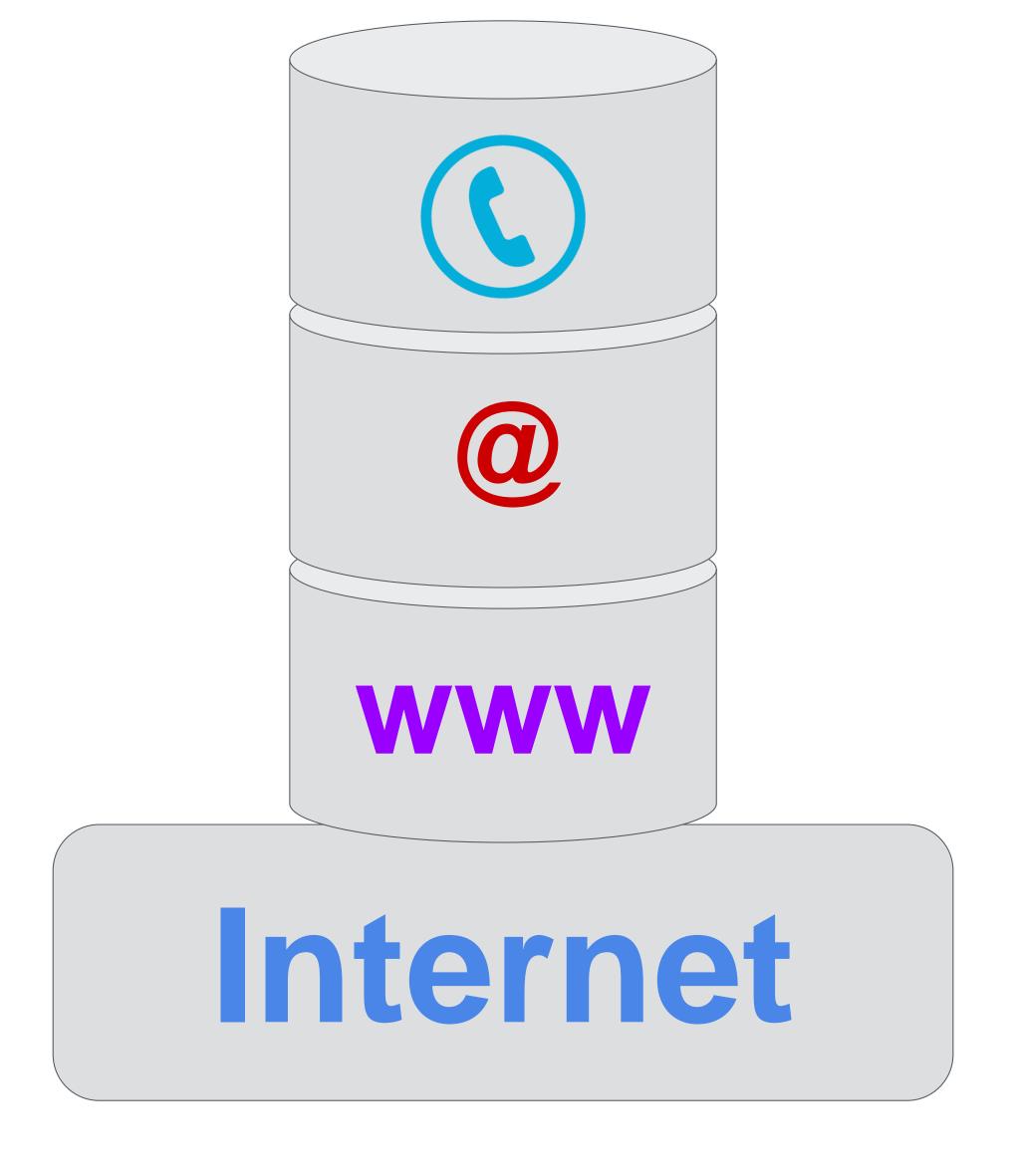
Products

opportunities!!

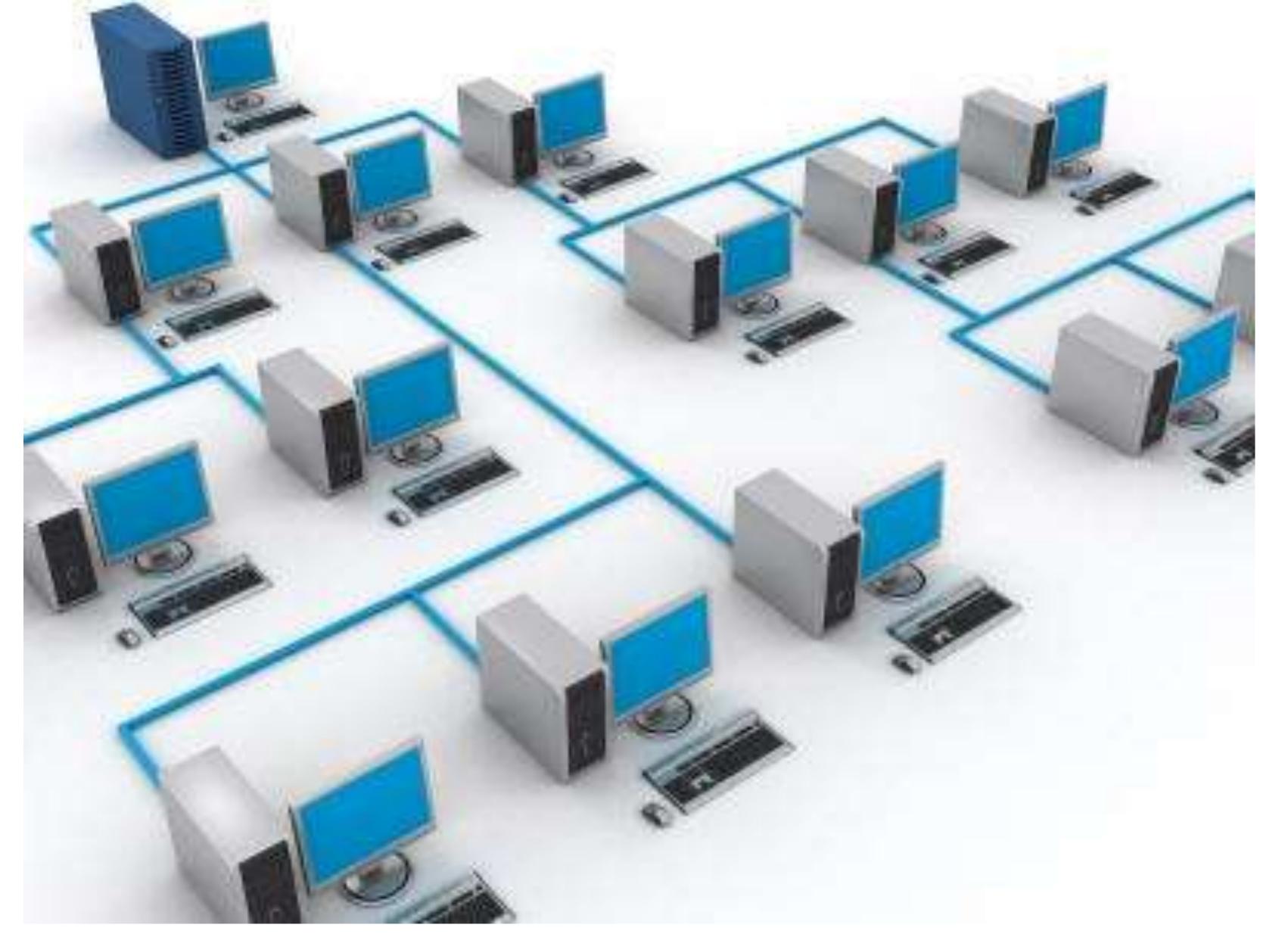
The technical side of things

Internet is not a cloud

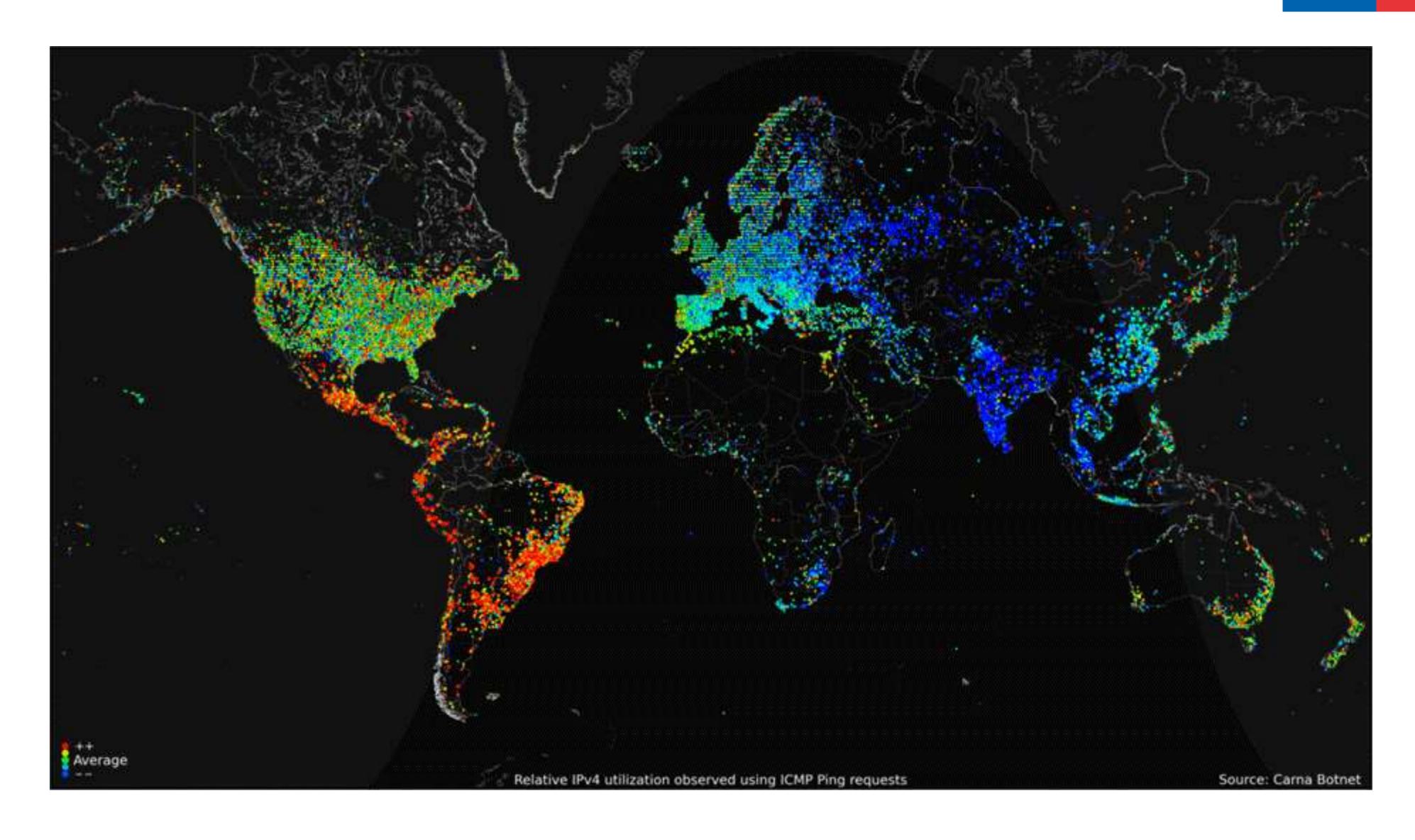
Internet



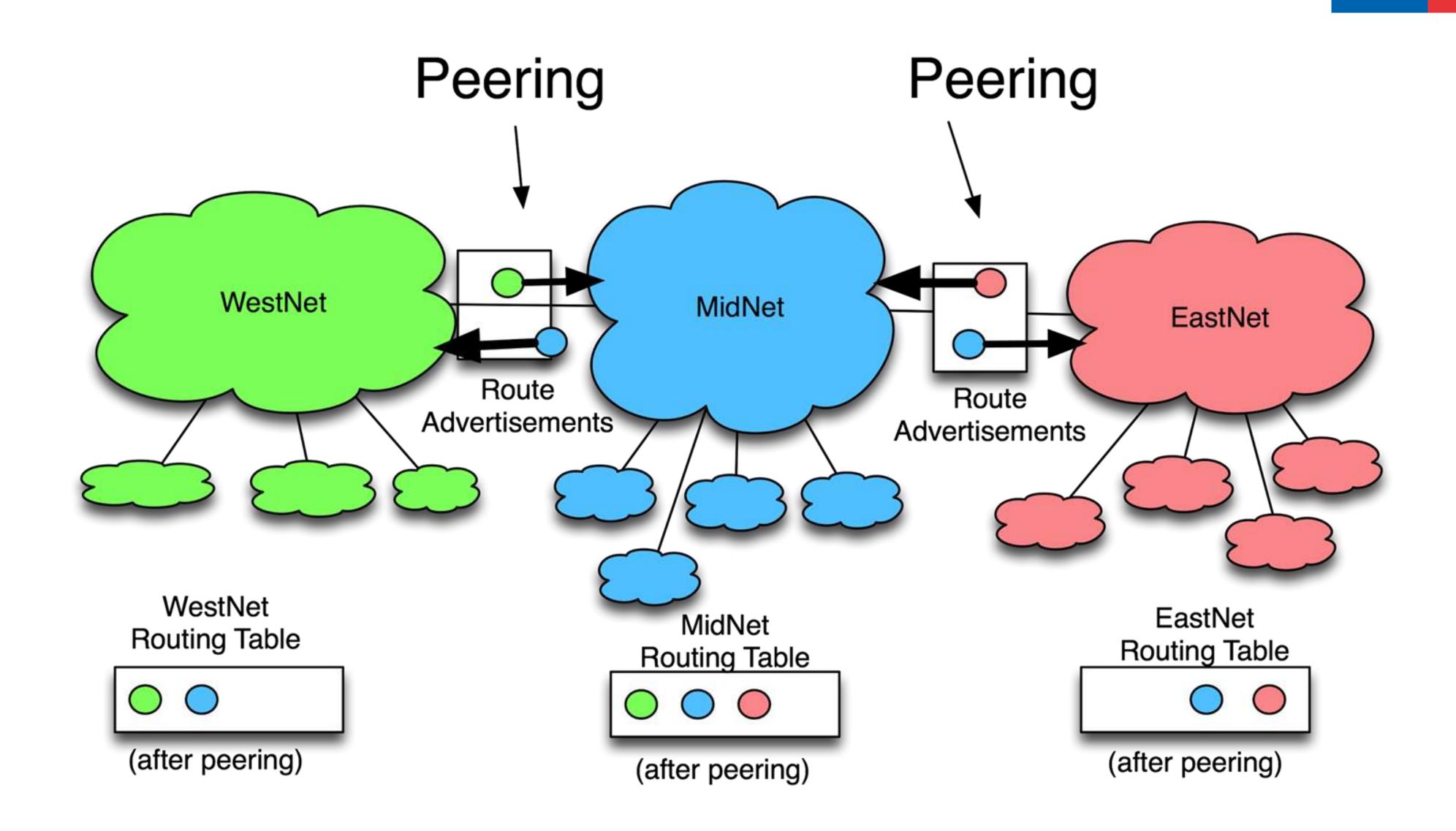
Internet is a global resource and a platform



¿What is the Internet?



Dinamic group of public & private networks

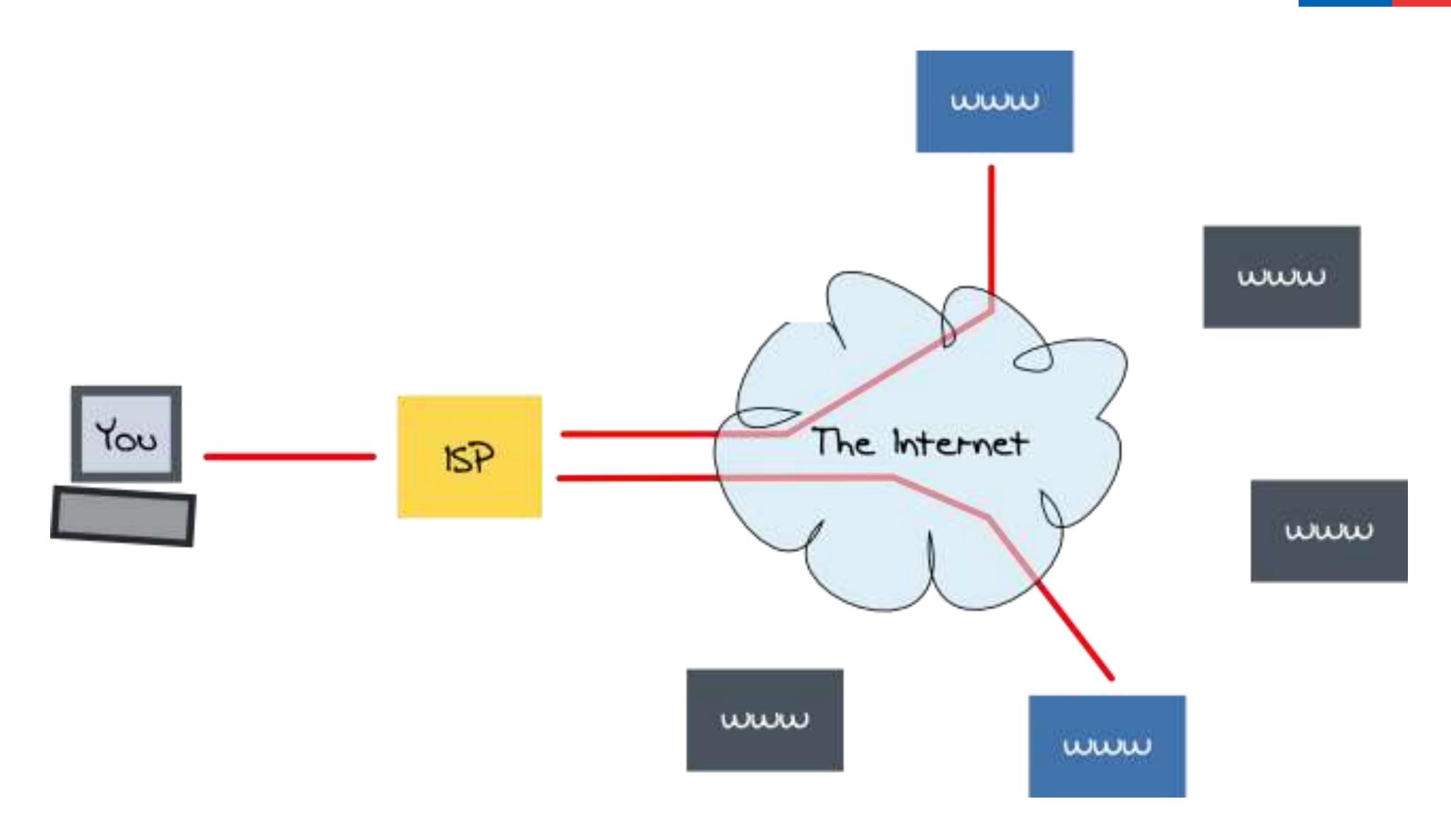


Peering: voluntary interconection of networks to Exchange traffic

How do different networks communicate?



Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol



ISP (VTR, Movistar) provides last mile connection

Chile's recent FTAs

2 layers (chapters):

1.- Infrastructure

(Telecommunications)

2.- Contents and applications

(E-commerce/Digital Trade)

1. Telecommunications Chapter

 Platform for multiple uses, present and future, by serving as an innovation platform, and socially, by facilitating the widest variety of interactions between people

Ensuring competition

2. E-commerce Chapter

Respecting the technical architecture

Non-discrimination of digital products

Measurements

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