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Report on Opinion Gathered from APEC Business Advisory Council on Key Elements Promoting a Competitive Business Environment

Submitted by: Japan



Free Trade Area of the Asia-Pacific Policy Dialogue on Competition Related Provisions from a Business Perspective 17-18 September 2020 CTI-EC FTAAP Policy Dialogue on Competition Related Provisions in FTAs/EPAs from a Business Perspective

> REPORT ON OPINION GATHERED FROM ABAC ON KEY ELEMENTS PROMOTING A COMPETITIVE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

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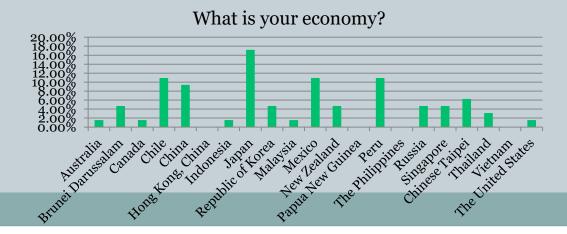
Before start...

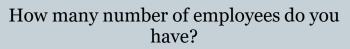
Objective of the survey

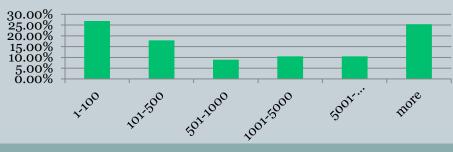
- > Japan believes that one of the important objectives of FTAs/EPAs is to enable a business climate by providing a predictable and supportive environment for business and investment.
- From this perspective, Japan recognises the importance to hear the voices of the business community in terms of how competition policy serves this aspect.

Methodology

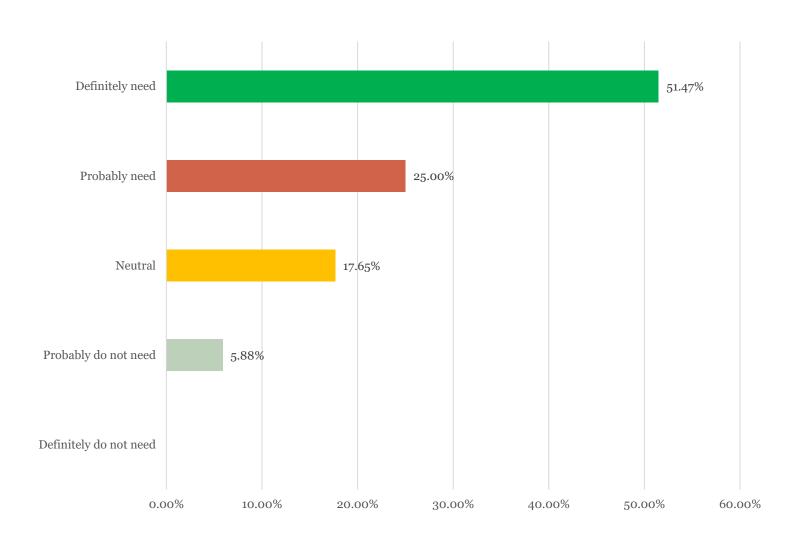
- Collaboration with APEC Business Advisory Council (ABAC), who has kindly accepted our request to circulate our questionnaire among members.
- > Observations based on 70 answers from various industries in 17 economies.





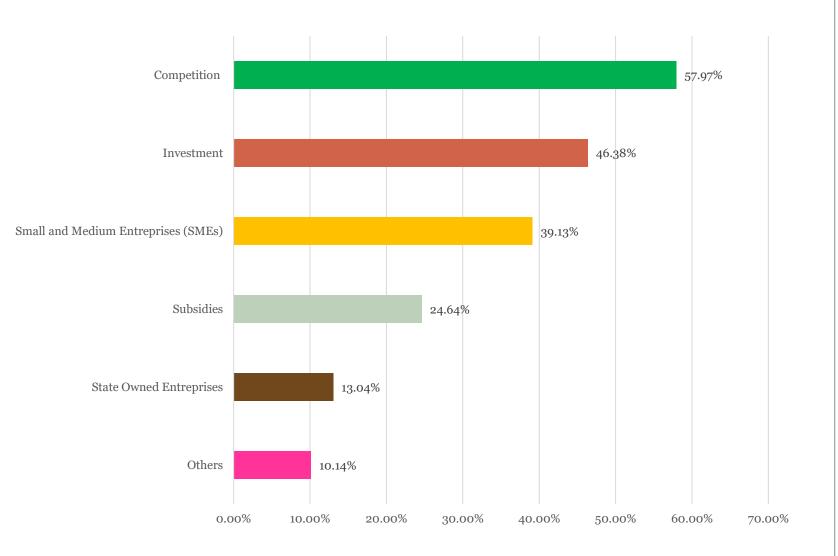


Q1. When you think about competitionrelated provisions in FTAs/EPAs, do you think of these as something you need or do not need in order to enter a new market?

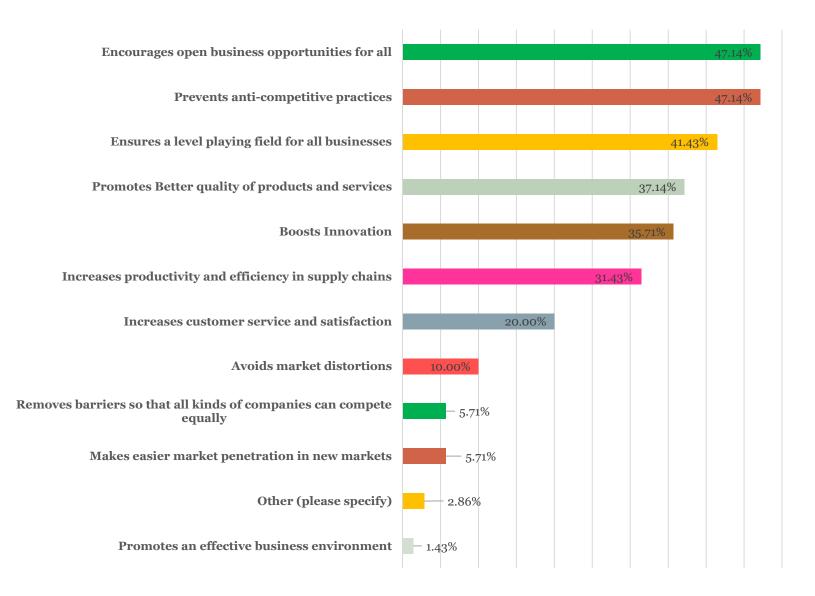


Q2. Which of the following competitionrelated provisions would benefit most to your business?

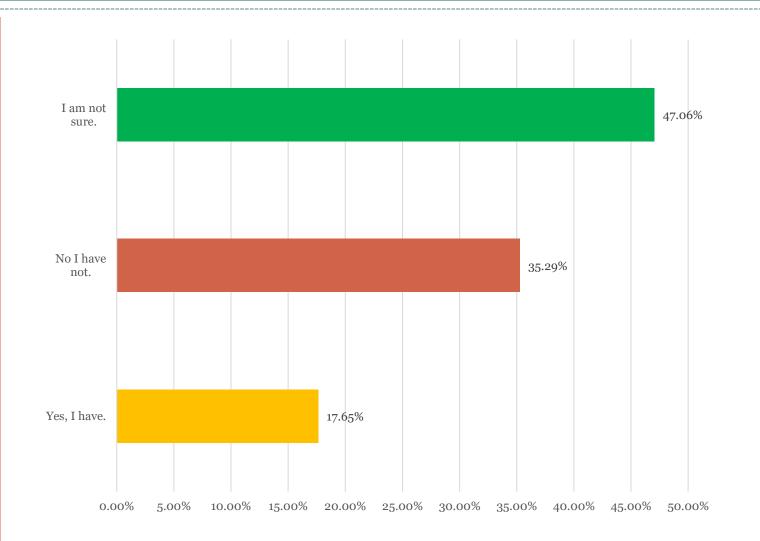
(Note: The elements of "competition related provisions" are derived from the report by J. Navarro, "FTAAP: Competition Policy" and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Government of Japan.)



Q3. Please choose the three most important reasons for you to include a competitionrelated provisions in FTAs/EPAs.



Q4. Have you ever used FTAs/EPAs that contain a stand-alone competition chapter?



Q5. Would you consider additional elements in FTAs/EPAs which could help ensuring a levelplaying field and facilitate trade?

- Legislative harmonisation among jurisdictions to facilitate cross-border trade in the digital economy;
- Access to data;
- Standardised market access;
- Gradual elimination of non-trade barriers;
- Stronger insurance/commitment to domestic treatment (equal treatment between foreign business and local business, including SOEs).
- Leverage or facilities for MSMEs;
- Protection of Intellectual Property, including capacity building of customs;
- Provide that special treatment to trade in green/low carbon/circular products.

etc..

Q6. Considering the impact of COVID-19, what kind of additional elements related to competition policy would be required?

- Rules to ensure seamless and uninterrupted flow of trade and supply of essential goods and services.
- Provisions to ensure level-playing field between local and foreign suppliers on trade and Government Procurement on medical devices.
- Some kind of punishment procedures related to unfair practices.
- I believe the economic consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic require swift and strong policy actions to keep markets and the economy functioning.
- Increased communication tools with authorities given the international travel restrictions.
- The magnitude of the effect caused by COVID-19 is not certain at this stage, it is too early to answer to this question.

etc...

Some observations

- The majority of interviewees believe competition-related provisions in FTAs/EPAs are definitely needed.
- Among competition-related provisions, interviewees benefited most from competition, followed by investment, SMEs, subsidies and SOE provisions. (the elements of "competition related-provisions" are derived from the report by J. Navarro, "FTAAP: Competition Policy".)
- The most important reasons for interviewees to include competition-related provisions is to:
 > encourage open business opportunities for all,
 - > prevent anti-competitive practices,
 - > ensure a level-playing field for all businesses,
 - > promote better quality of products and services,
 - > boost innovation,
 - increase productivity and efficiency in supply chains etc...
- However, use of FTAs/EPAs containing a stand-alone competition chapter seems limited.

Thank you for your attention!

Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation

Note: The contents of the presentation do not necessarily reflect the views of the Government of Japan.