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#### Waste Management in Chinese Taipei

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# Waste Management in Chinese Taipei

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### **Natural Environment**

✓ Chinese Taipei is an island in the Western Pacific bisected by the Tropic of Cancer. This has created conditions for a rich and diverse ecosystem.



# **Natural Resource Scarcity**



**Population: 23 millions** 



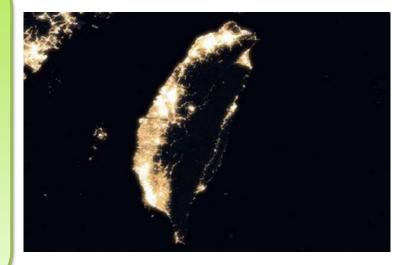
Area: 36,000 km<sup>2</sup> (90% of Holland)



Population density: 624 person/km<sup>2</sup>

(Urbanization: 78%)

(Taipei City: 9,956 person/km²)





**Energy imported > 98%** 



Mineral imported > 80%

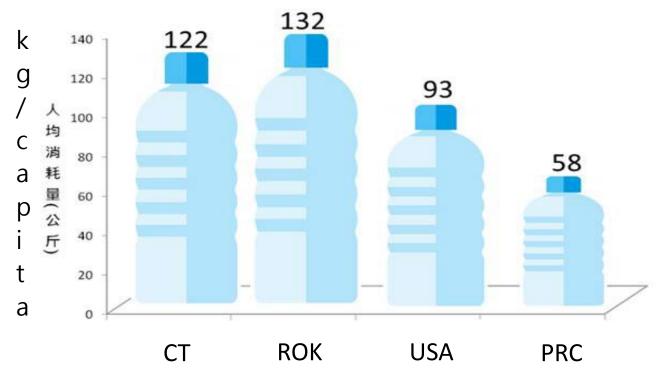


Food imported > 70%



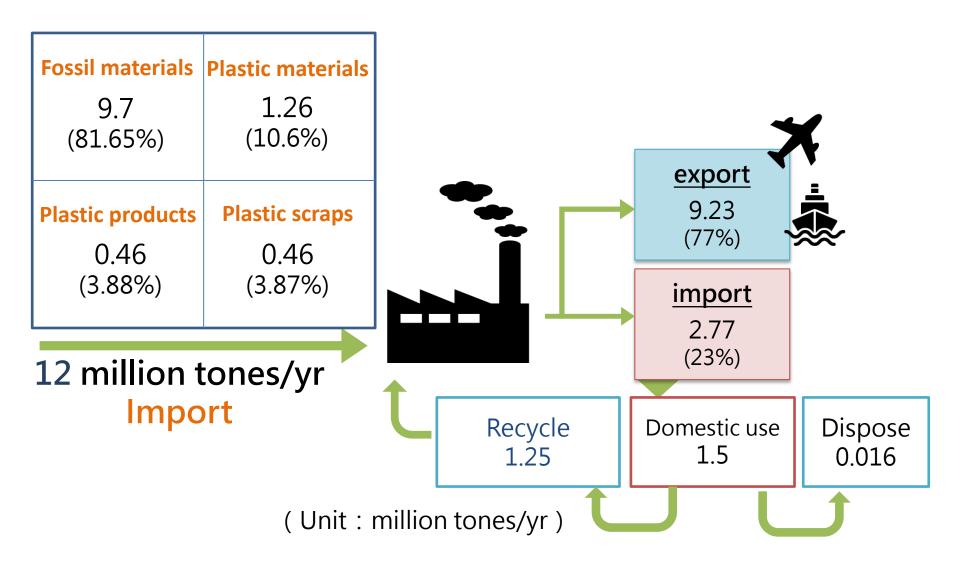
# Statistics for plastic use in Chinese Taipei

✓ About 12 million tones of plastic resources are imported each vear.



(Data Source: MOEA, CT)

# Flow of plastic resources



(Data source : MOF, MOEA, EPA)

# Top Ocean Waste in Chinese Taipei



# Ocean Waste Management

Ocean Waste management platform

# Source reduction

- Strengthen regulations and guidelines
- Reinforce EPR
- Enhance education

# Prevention and removal

- Remove hotspot wastes
- Prevent leakage into the ocean

# Research and investigation

Monitor and investigate coastal and marine pollution

# Collaboration and partnership

- Expand and strengthen multiparty cooperation
- Engage public participation

### **Waste Reduction**

### **Plastics Reduction Actions**

#### 2002-

limit use of plastic bags; this policy has been continuously reviewed with more limitations





2011 -

vendors to offer discounts to customers who bring reusable cups



- prohibiting the selling of products that contain microbeads
- the second stage of limiting the use of plastic
   bags



# Plastic shopping bags

- ✓ Since 2002, it has been implemented in seven major industries and 20,000 companies. The use of plastic bags has decreased by about 2 billion/year.
- ✓ In 2018, there were 7 new industry control targets, which totaled 14 categories and 100,000 companies. The use of plastic bags decreased by about 4.5 billion/year.

#### 2002 Premises subject to controls

- 1. Public sector
- 2. Private schools
- 3. Department stores and shopping centers
- 4. Hypermarkets
- 5. Supermarkets
- 6. Convenience store chains
- 7. Fast food chains



#### 2018 Newly-added premises

- 8. Drugstores, cosmetic shops, and pharmacies
- 9. Medical equipment sellers
- 10. Appliances & photographic equipment, information and communications equipment retailers
- 11. Bookstores and stationary retailers
- 12. Laundries
- 13. Beverage shops
- 14. Bakeries

# Disposable tableware

- ✓ Implemented in 2002, it manages 8 categories of shop, approximately 100,000 stores in total.
- ✓ Starting from 2006, public sectors and schools are not allowed to provide various material disposable tableware regulations.
- ✓ The number of plastic disposable tableware used for controlled objects was reduced by about 2 billion.

2002 Premises subject to controls •Public sectors

Private schools

•Department stores and shopping centers

•Hypermarkets

•Supermarkets

•Convenience store chains

•Fast food chains

•Catering establishments with storefronts

**Total:** 

8 categories of shops approximately 100,000 stores

2006 Expansion of Restriction •Public sector sand schools are not allowed to provide various material disposable tableware (includes disposable chopsticks and paper cutlery) regulations.

## Single-use takeaway beverage cups

- ✓ Since 2011, it has been implemented and managed by three categories of shops.
- ✓ Stores are encouraged to provide their own beverage cup discounts or recycling incentives. From May 1, 2011 to December 31, 2018, the source reduction plan has been approved, with 500 brands (19,068 stores).
- The use of beverage cups is about 1.5 billion per year, and the reduction is about 10% after the announcement was made, which is about 150 million per year.



provide a discount to customers bringing their own beverage cups.

### **Marine Pollution Control**

- Cosmetics and personal care products containing microbeads will be banned in Chinese Taipei :
  - 1. production and import: January 2018 (US: July 2017)
  - 2. sales: July 2018 (the same as US and Canada)
- There are 9 economies including Canada, France, Italy, Korea, New Zealand, Sweden, England, US, and Chinese Taipei in the world to ban microbeads.



### Restricting the Use of Beverage Plastic Straws

- Annual usage amount about 3 billion straws
  - → Too light and too small to be recycled
- Four targets are prohibited from providing single-use plastic straws for in-store use → Since 2019/07/01

#### Regulated targets







#### Not regulated yet

- PLA straws(Green mark needed)
- Products with straws

#### **Alternatives**













### **Plastics Reduction Actions**



Plastic Shopping
Bags

- Encourage reuse or use of alternative materials
- Implement a sharing economy



Disposable Tableware

- Encourage reuse and renting
- Establish criteria of cleaning



One-Time Takeaway
Beverage Cups

- Raise incentives of using own cups
- Encourage reuse and renting



**Plastic Straws** 

- Promote reduction unless necessary
- Encourage use of alternative materials that can be reused

# Recycling

### **EPR-Four-in-One Recycling Program**

- **◆**To form Communitybased Recycling organizations
- **♦**To Promote separation of waste and recyclables

**Community Residents** 

Recycling **Industries**  To purchase waste resources from the public, communities and local governments





- To be paid by responsible enterprises
- To subsidize the recycling and disposal system

Recycling **Funds** 



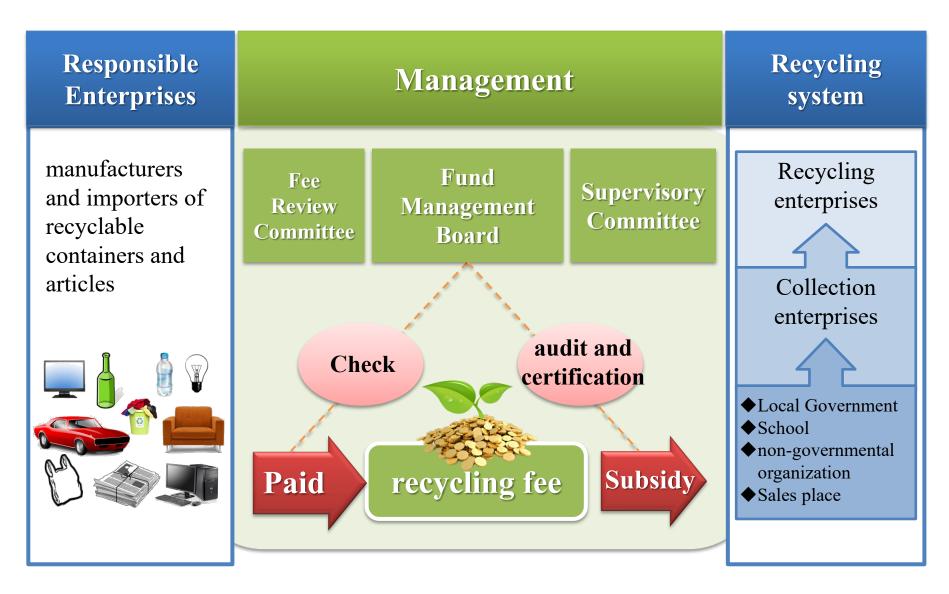
Local Government



- To transport resources and waste separately
- Part of the revenues to be given back to general public



## **Operation of Recycling Funds**



### Regulated Recyclable Wastes



1.1.IronContainers: Such as beverage cans, milk cans and home-use insecticides.



14. Pesticide Containers: such as containers for weed killer and

insecticide.



#### IT Equipments

20. Notebooks:

21. Hard-disks:

22. PC casings;

23. Motherboards: 24. Monitors:

25. Printers:

26. Power supplies;

27. Keyboards



2. Aluminum Containers: Such as carbonated drinks, sports drinks etc.



15. General Batteries: All types of dry batteries.



3. Glass Containers: Such as bottles for beers, rice wines and carbonated drinks



Motor Vehicles, including

16. Automobiles: 17. Motorcycles.



#### Electronic and Electric Appliances

28. Television sets: 29. Washing machines;

30. Air-conditioners and heaters: 31. Electric

refrigerators;

32. Electric fans



Paper Containers, includina

4. Aluminum foil packages;

Paper containers.



18. Tires





33. Light Sources: Such as fluorescent tubes, circular fluorescent lamps,compact fluorescent lamps, incandescent lamps and HID lamps.



**Plastic Containers** 

6.PET; 7.PVE; 8.PP; 9.PE; 10.PS foam; 11.PS non-foam:

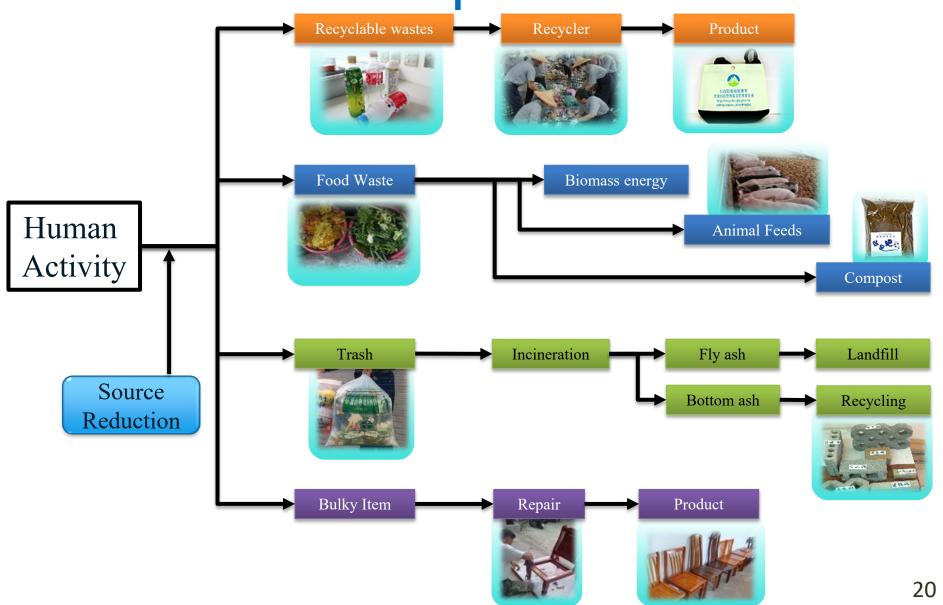
13.Biomass Plastics.

12.Other plastics;



33 recycling items

Framework of Separation, Recycling and Disposal



### Per-Bag Trash Fee

- Per-Bag Trash Fee in several areas
  - Pay as you throw
  - Per-Bag trash fee is NT\$ 0.36/L(US\$0.013/L); however, collect recyclables for free
  - Waste volume 67%down, recycling volume 48%up



## **Cluster Interests & Opportunities**

### Recycling

### Fishing Tackle

- Promoting the recycling of fishing nets or industrial Styrofoam blocks



### Recycling

### Plastic bags/films/sheets

Source: Hyper/supermarkets, online shops, or shopping mall





More likely to be simple and clean

**Source : Cleaning Squadron** 



More likely to be complicated, multiple, or not clean

Material recovery



Energy recovery



### **Case Study**

### O'right Company

Green design Products



The material of the shampoo bottle is **100%** made from recycled milk bottles

The first recycled dispenser head in the world







### Far East New Century

Waste source :

Focusing on PET bottles including transparent PET, mixed green PET and PE.



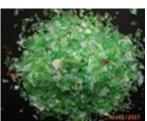
Three major products

**Bottle to Fiber** 

**Bottle to Bottle** 

**Bottle to Other Packaging** 











rPET products

### Da Fon Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.







Waste

Regenerated grains

**Products** 





Standard Test Method	ltem	Unit
ASTM D1238	Melting Index	g/10min
	Density	g/cm3
ASTM D638	Tensile Yield Strength	Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Tensile Break Strength	Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Tensile Break Elongation	%
ASTM D790	Flexural Strength	Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Flexural Modulus	Kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>
ASTM D256	Izod Impact	J/M
	Hardness Shore	HDD
	Moisture	%
IEC 62321	Pb、Cd、Hg、Cr、Br	ppm



### Conclusion

- Comprehensive waste recycling and treatment systems.
- Promoting circular economy. Making recycling waste generate economic values.
- Reducing the use of single-use plastic products from the sources.(plastic bags, disposable tableware and straws are commonly found in the marine waste)
- Promoting environmental education. Raising the awareness of environmental protection of the general public. Joint participation in actions of waste reduction.

# **Thank You**