APEC Best Practice in Addressing Subsidies That Contribute to Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing

Submitted by: Chile
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CHILE

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Legal Framework against IUU

1. General Law on Fisheries and Aquaculture, (N°18.892 and modifications)

2. Modernization and Strengthening the National Fisheries and Aquaculture Service (Law N°21.132).

3. Creation of the National Institute for the Sustainable Development of Artisanal Fishing and Small Scale Aquaculture- INDESPA (Law N°21.069)
General Law on Fisheries and Aquaculture:
Expiration of Fishing Authorizations

- Exceed more than 10% TAC
- Inactivity of extractive fishing operations for 2 consecutive years
- Repeat offense of modifying the characteristics of the fishing vessel
- Provide repeatedly false information regarding the position of the fishing vessel
- Not paying the annual fee
- Having been convicted of any of the crimes referred in articles 135 (fishing with explosives, catching cetaceans) and 136 (chemical or biological pollutants)
Strengthening the National Fisheries and Aquaculture Service - SERNAPESCA

Fisheries Control in the Value Chain
Strengthening the National Fisheries and Aquaculture Service: VMS and IRD
National Institute for the Sustainable Development of Artisanal Fishing and Small Scale Aquaculture INDESPA

Mission
Encourage and promote the development of artisanal fishing and small-scale aquaculture, through the strengthening of productive capacities. Its beneficiaries are exclusively artisanal fishermen with current registration in the artisanal fisheries registry.
Conclusions

• Chile focuses its subsidies on artisanal fishing, avoiding subsidies for industrial fishing.

• Sernapesca has a new tools to combat IUU fishing in the value chain. In addition, some activities associated with IUU fishing are now considered a crime.

• Indespa promote the development of small scale aquaculture and artisanal fisheries, only with current registration in the artisanal fisheries registry under Article 13 of law 21.069, establishes that no subsidy program will be given to vessels and/or operators who have been sanctioned by a final judicial or administrative decision for violating the General Law on Fisheries and Aquaculture which includes IUU fishing activities. The prohibition shall last up to 2 years from the date of decision.
Thank You