



**Asia-Pacific
Economic Cooperation**

2023/CTI/WKSP1/004

Session 3a

Advanced Technologies and Recent Applications in Smart Ports

Submitted by: Kobe University

**Utilizing Digital Technology in the Field of
Trade Facilitation Under the Current COVID-19
Pandemic and Beyond: Best-Practices
Sharing Workshops (Phase II) – Third
Workshop on Port Digitalization for Efficient
Supply Chains
17 January 2023**

Advanced Technologies and Recent Applications in Smart Ports

Utilizing Digital Technology in the Field of Trade Facilitation under the Current COVID-19 Pandemic and
Beyond: Best-Practices Sharing Workshops (Phase 2) :

~ 3rd Workshop – Port Digitalization for Efficient Supply Chain ~

18 January 2023

Virtual Workshop

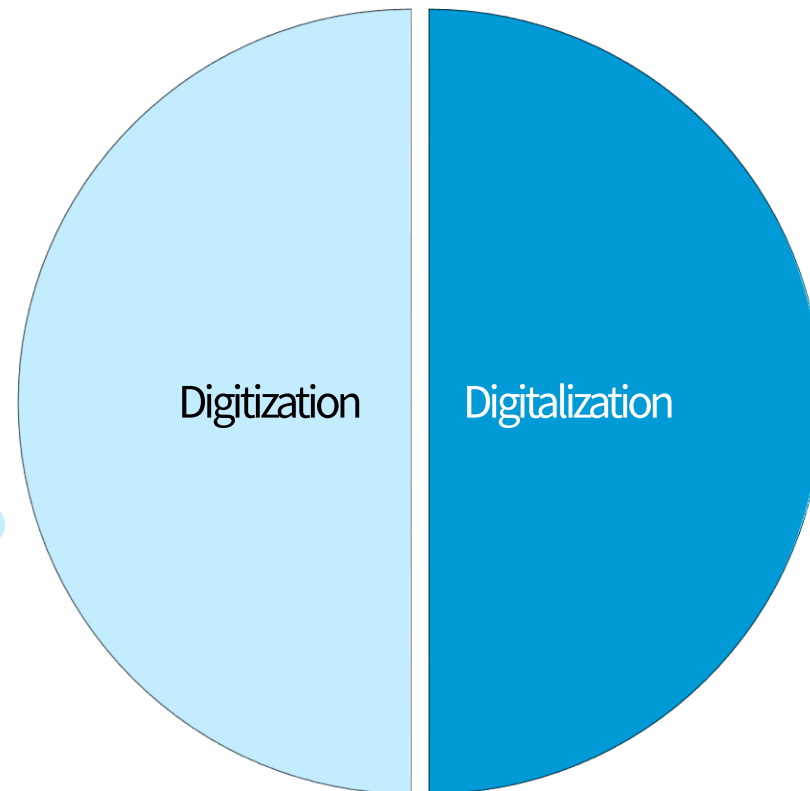
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www.ehirata.com

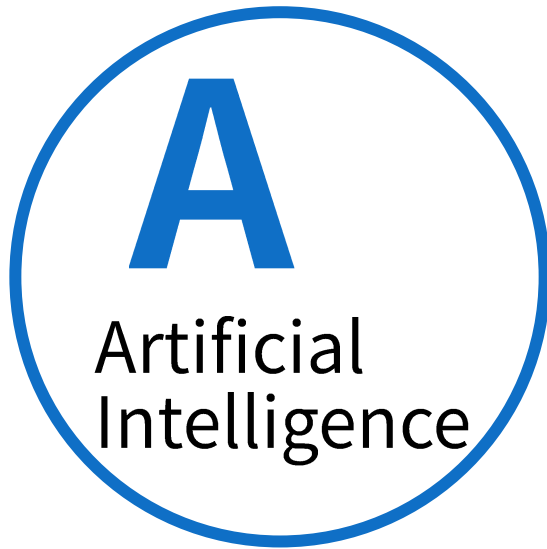
Two aspects of DX



Turning analog to digital

Utilizing digitized materials (data) to improve operational efficiency / add value

ABCD Technology

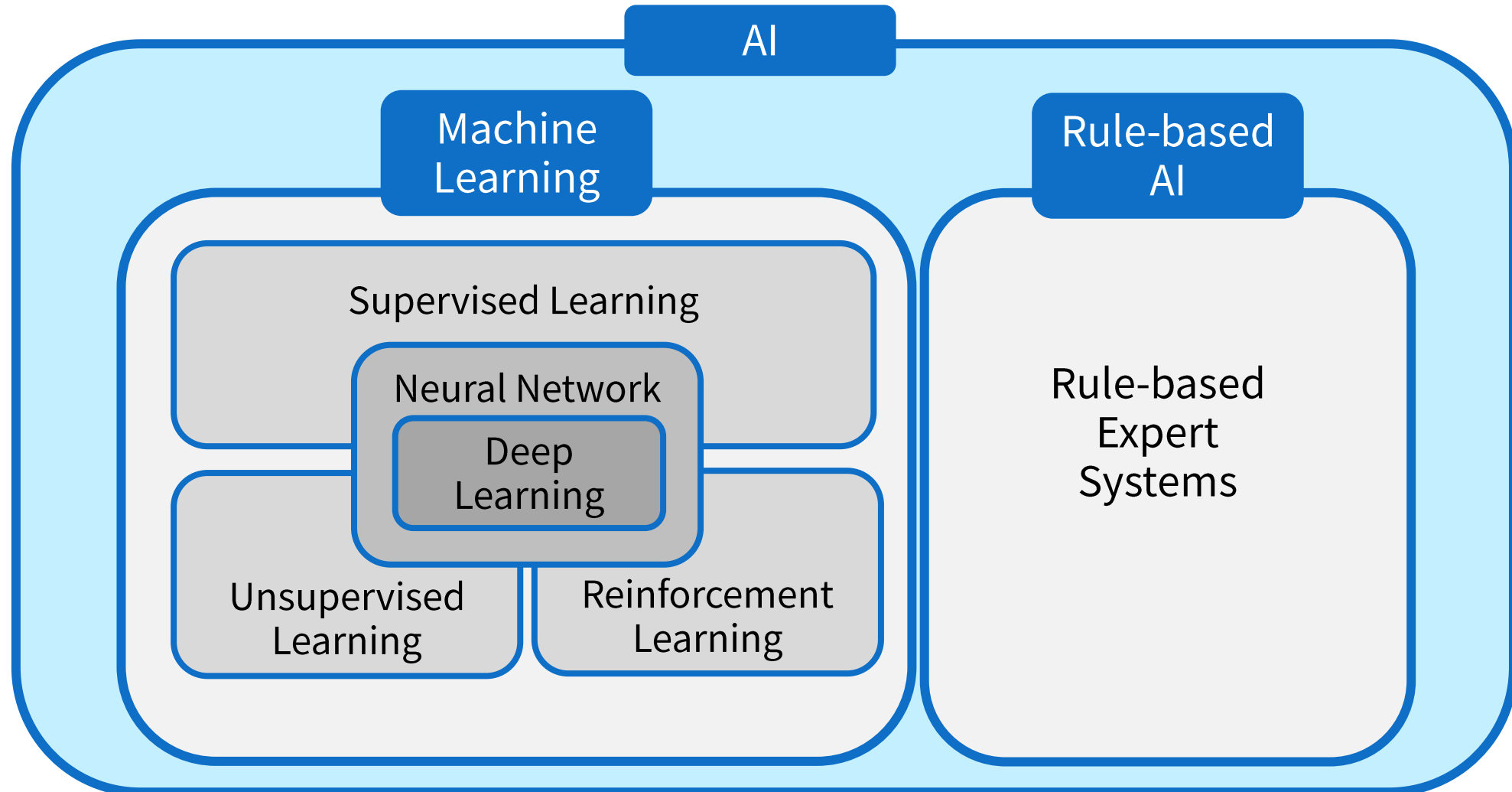


B
Blockchain

C
Cloud
Computing

D
Data

AI and Machine Learning

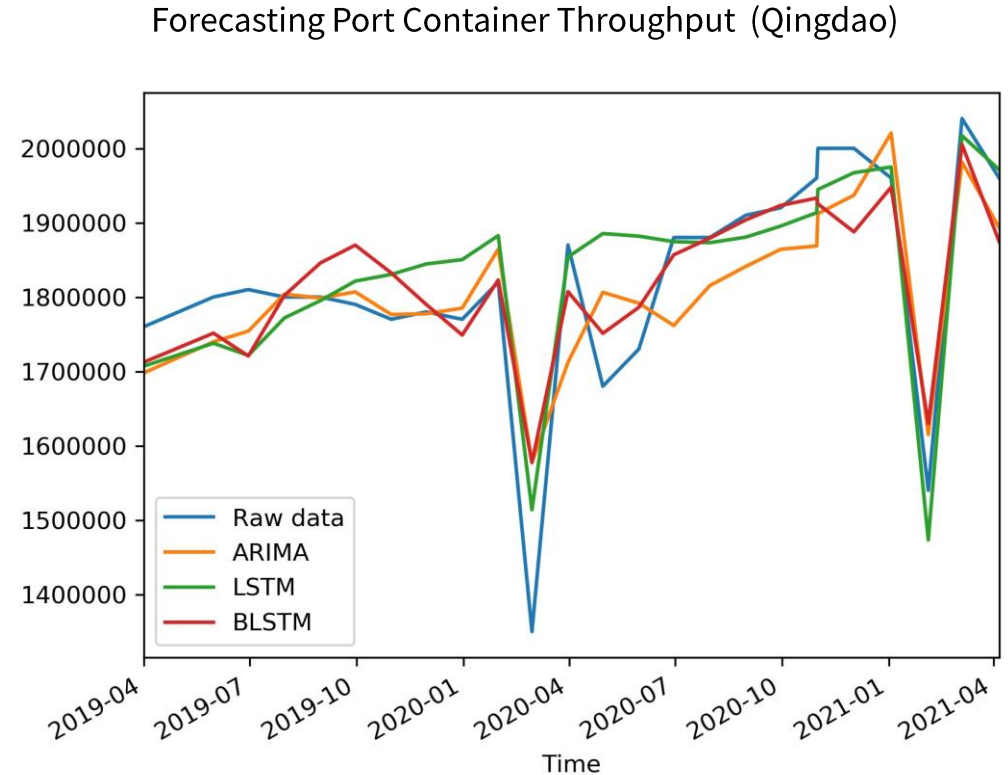


Source: Hirata et al. (2022)

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Supervised Learning

- Preparing training data with a set of "input" and "correct output" in advance, and having the computer learn to produce correct output when given a certain input
- Regression, Decision Tree, Support Vector Machine, Random Forest
- Prediction, forecasting

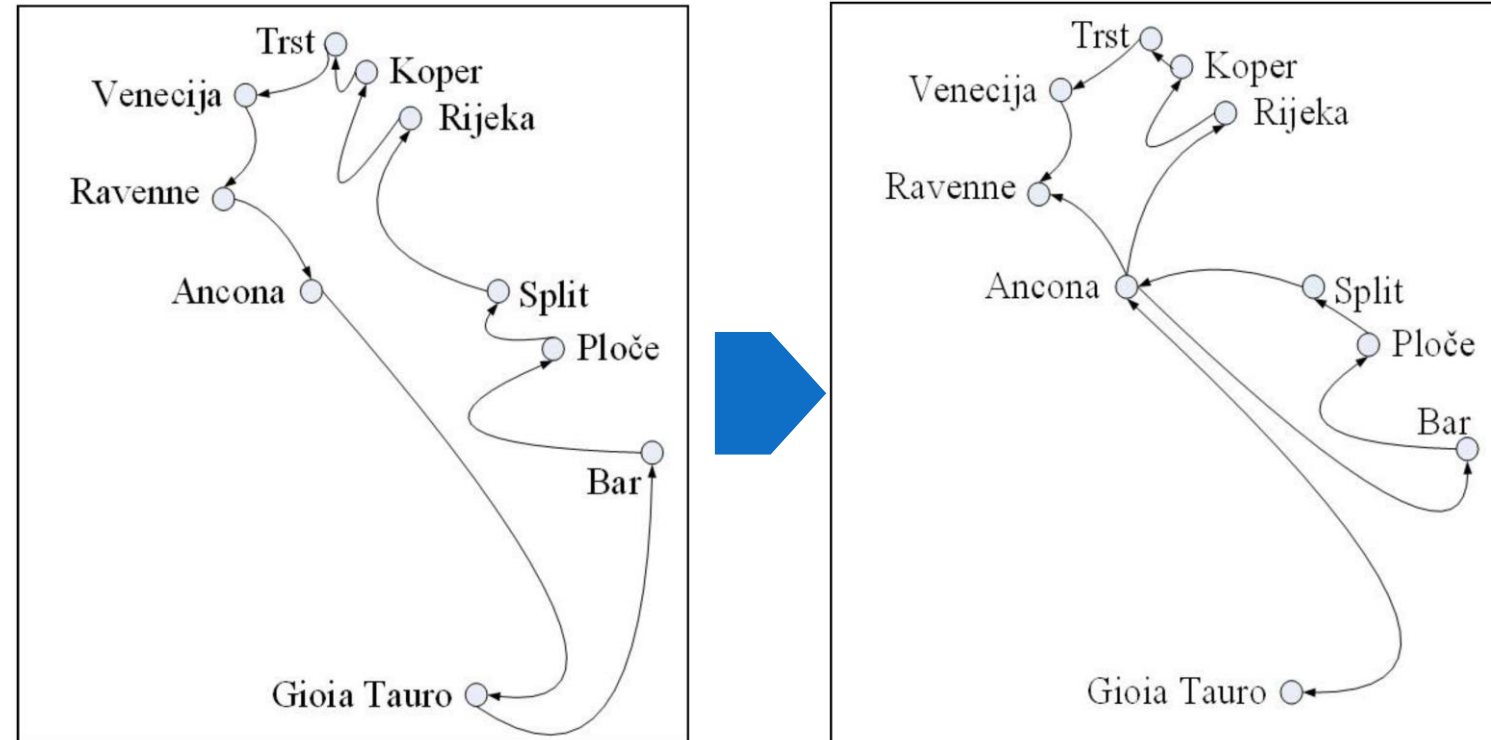


Source: Jiang et al. (2021). Forecasting Port Container Throughput with Deep Learning Approach, in Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Computer Science and Application Engineering.

Unsupervised learning (self-supervised learning)

- Given only the input data, used to understand the inherent structure of the data
- Apriori, K-means clustering
- Port service optimization, competitiveness comparison

Optimize service, port calls



Source: Medić et al. (2021). Adriatic Sea Hub Ports Feeder Service Optimization Using Multi-Criteria Decision-Making Methods. *Sustainability*, 13(21), 12325.

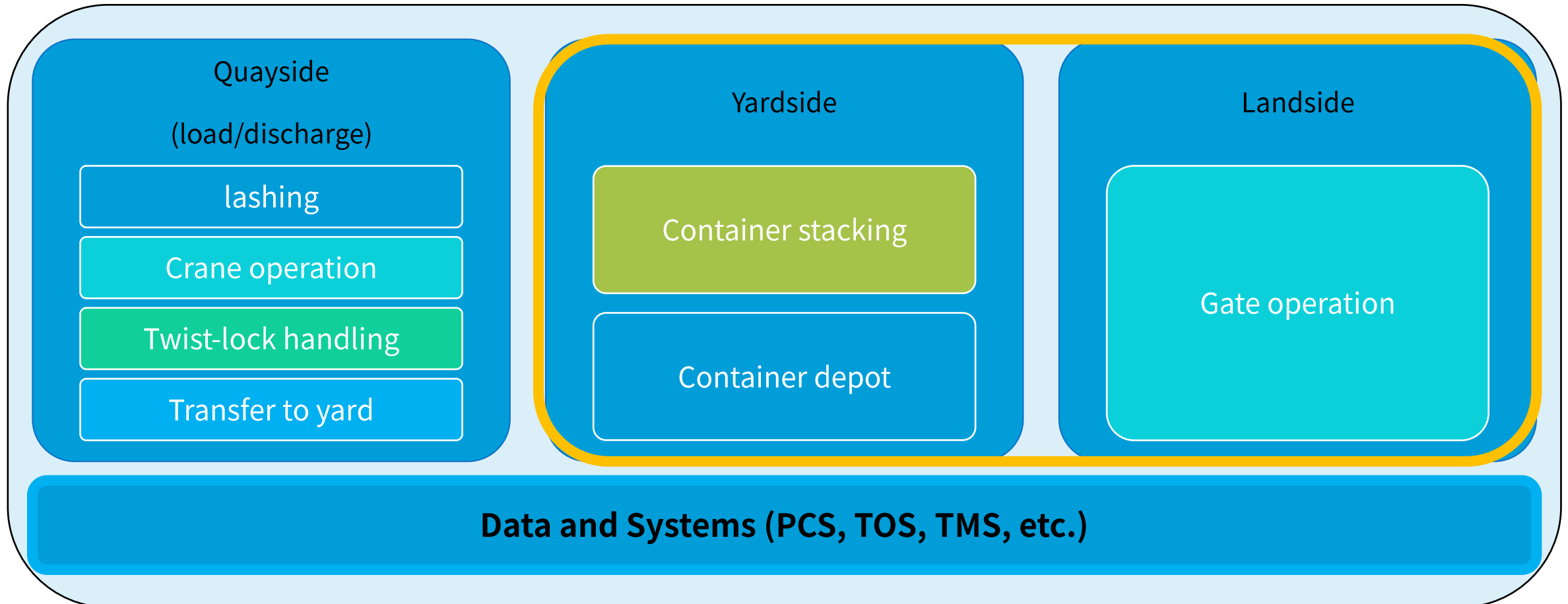
Reinforcement Learning

- Reinforcement learning is a model that learns to maximize future value instead of giving the correct answer
- Q-learning, DQN (Deep Q Network), and A3C (Asynchronous Advantage Actor-Critic)
- AlphaGo, autonomous driving



Image: <https://www.alphagomovie.com>

Areas of port digitalization



Case 1: Import Dwell Time Prediction

Trialed with
100+ AI models

The Solution

Collecting and analyzing available data



Applying state-of-the-art
Artificial Intelligence



Predicting the dwell time of import containers



- ✓ Analyzing existing and available date
- ✓ Use AI to assign each container automatically its optimal position
- ✓ Predicting schedule and stowage layout for outbound vessels



The Benefits

>30%

Saved Shuffle Moves

>20%

Faster Truck Turnaround Time

2.5M kg of CO2

Saved annually for a medium-sized port of 1.3M TEU

3-5M USD \$

Saved annually for a medium-sized port of 1.3M TEU

Case 2: Yard Optimization

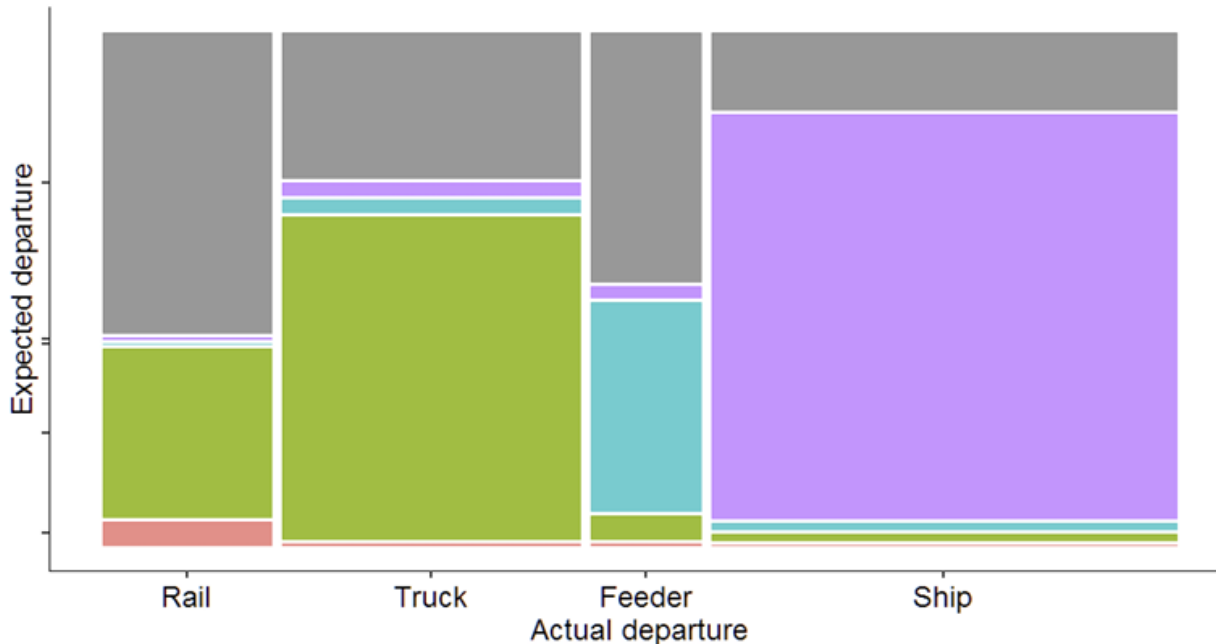
THE FINDINGS

The accuracy of ML prediction model reaches 83.6, corresponding to a relative improvement in prediction accuracy of 33.

Transport modes

What was expected when the container arrived, and what actually happened

Expected departure ■ Rail ■ Truck ■ Feeder ■ Ship ■ NA

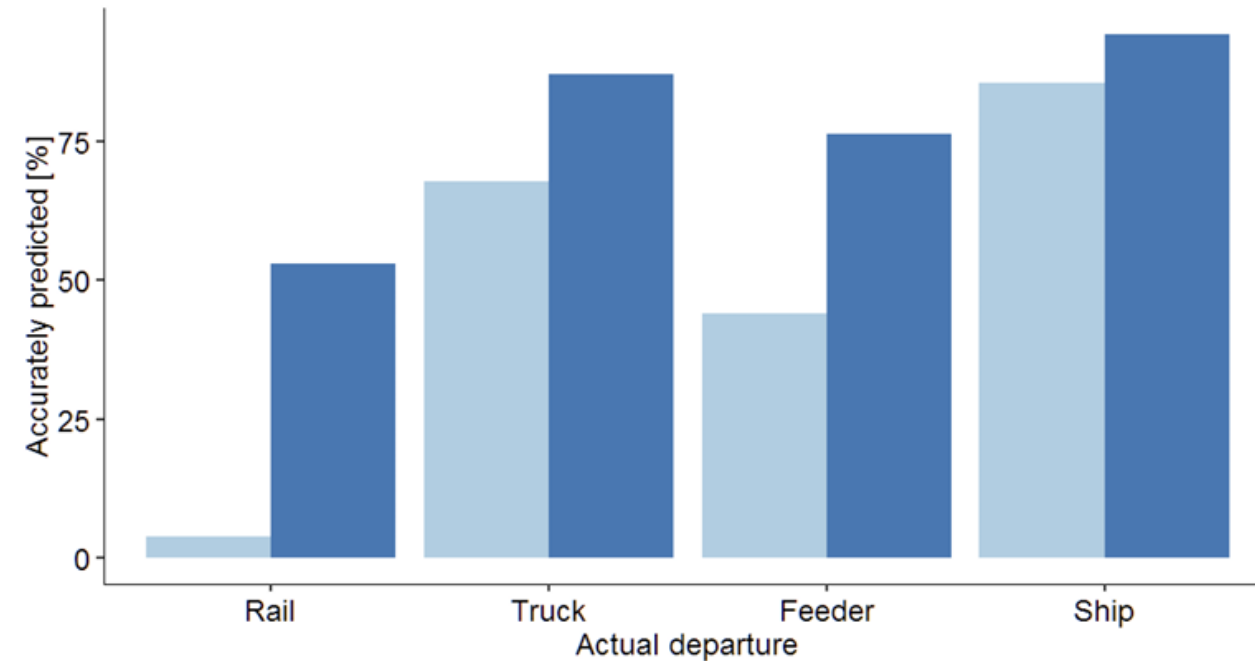


Source: Inform

Prediction accuracy

Departure modes correctly predicted in the test set

Source ■ TOS ■ ML model



TOS: Terminal Operating System

Case 3: Machine learning in Stacking



Source: Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG

“Even when the yard is only 80 percent full, with 100 different dwell times we are left with 100^{1900} possibilities for stacking the containers in the yard”

- Trained with 1,000,000 dataset
- Able to determine the correct dispatch area for 77.5% of the containers lacking information
- The rate of restacks decreased by 8 percentage points
- Share of optimal stacking increased from 57% to 70%
- Distance covered by straddle carriers shorted by 25%+

Case 4: Smart Container Inspection

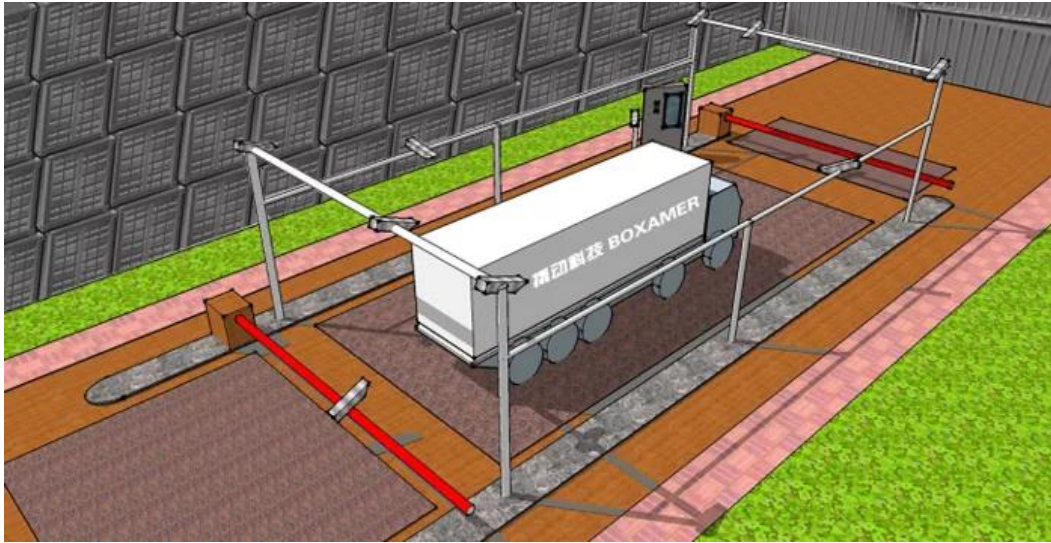


Image: Boxamer

- Driver scans the QR code using mobile device to check in
- Preinstalled camera takes photos and send to backend where container condition is checked by AI
- Result is sent to driver's device



Case 5: Autonomous Driving

- Level 4 autonomous driving
- 40,000+ containers in 2021
- 1-4 platooning
- Parking < 70 seconds
- Positioning error < 3cm



Level of automation



0 – manual

1 – assisted

2 – semi-automated

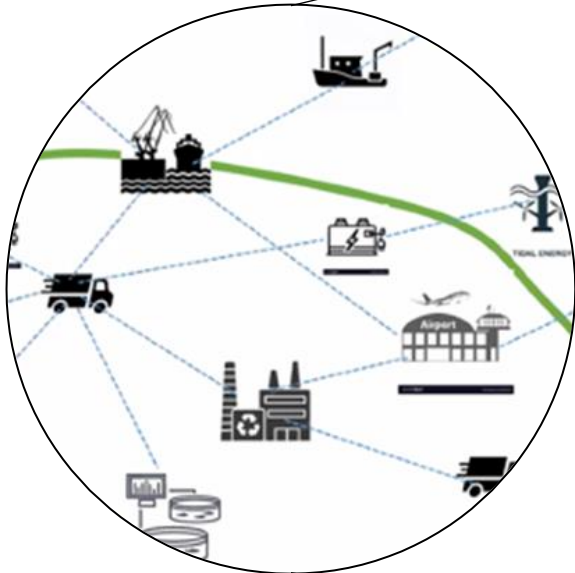
3 – highly automated

4 – fully automated

5 – driverless



The new normal of port operations



- Cloud-based
- Autonomous equipment and vehicles will increasingly become the standard within the port
- Artificial intelligence will assume increasing responsibility for decision-making and administrative tasks
- People continuing to play a key role in the port



Thank you

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Image: a ship's digital twin
<https://www.ssi-corporate.com/digital-shipbuilding/>