

2012/ISTWG43/DIA/004 Session 2

Talent Mobility in Thailand and Its Challenges

Submitted by: National Science Technology and Innovation Policy Office (STI)



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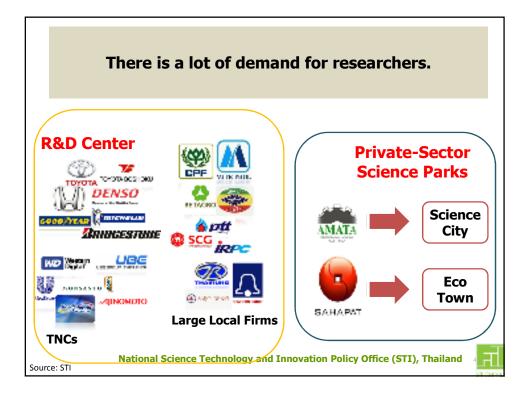




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The importance of the mobility of human resources for science and technology (HRST) stems from two dimensions of knowledge creation: formal (codified) knowledge and the diffusion of tacit knowledge (OECD, 2008). Not only does the mobility aid in the production and dissemination of codified knowledge, it is also an important means of transmitting tacit knowledge.

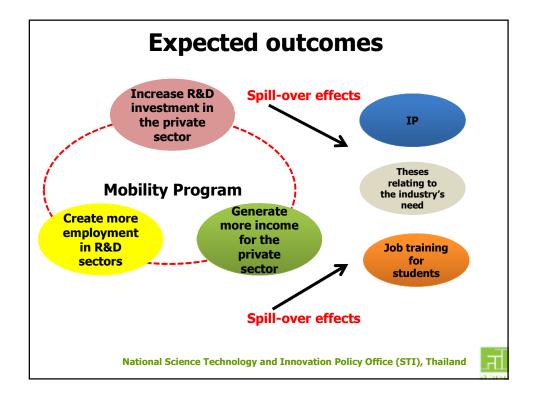
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Bu	It	The 83% of research per governmental agencies and			
		Institutions	Number of	Number of researchers	
G	Governmental research institutes		6,368 (17%)		
Н	Higher education institutions		23,867 (66%)		
Pi	Private sector		6,041 (17%)		
Т	otal		36,276	(100%)	
<mark>oreov</mark>	er	Few companies have any linl agencies and higher ed			
the ∙"ha	em rej ave n	vey conducted by STI (2008), a plied: o any linkages with governmen o any linkages with higher educ	tal research in	stitutes" or	
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Challenges

- Almost all academics and governmental researchers agreed with the project, but it was hard for them to work full time.
- Some academics were afraid that their career path might be affected by joining the project.
- Conflicts of interests between the private sector and governmental agencies and HE institutions

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