

2015/HLPDAB/FOR/003

Agenda Item: 6

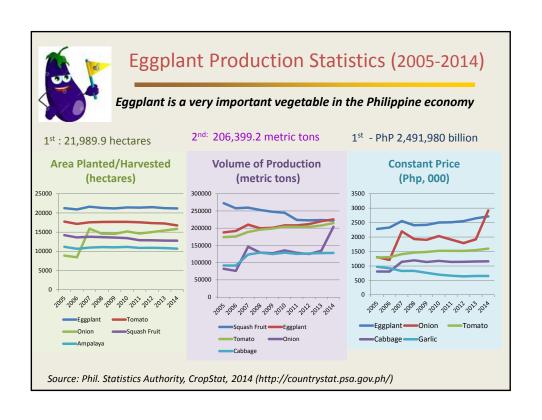
Prospects of Bt Eggplant in the Philippine Economy

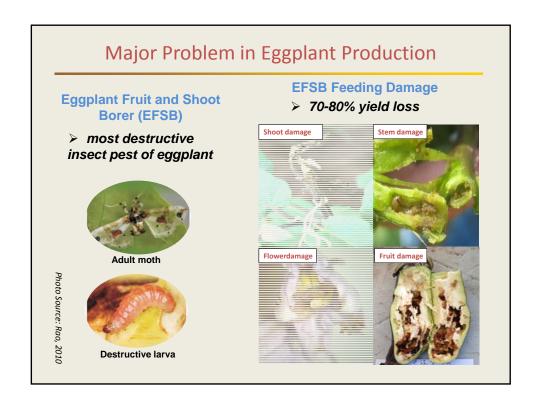
Submitted by: University of the Philippines, Los Banos

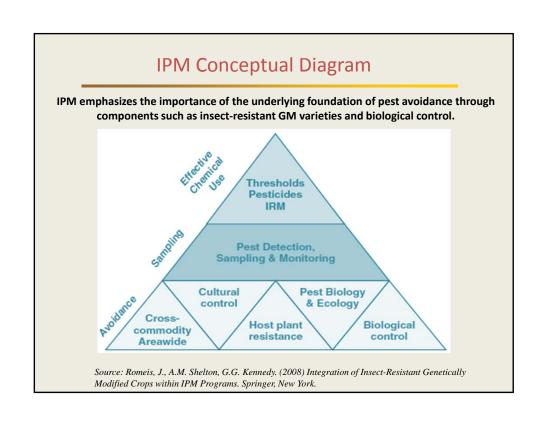


Forum on the Global Alliance for Agriculture
Biotech Trade Model Policy on Low-level Presence
and Genetically Modified and Organic Farming
Co-Existence
Iloilo, Philippines
30 September 2015

Prospects of Bt Eggplant in the Philippine Economy Mahyco Even Moltilocation trials for Desiree M. Hautea, Ph.D. Research Professor 12 & UP Scientist III University of the Philippines Los Banos College, Laguna 4031 Philippines Paper presented during the APEC-HLPDAB "Forum on Global Alliance for Ag Biotech Trade(GAABT) Model Policy on Low Level Presence and GM and Organic Farming Co-existence" 30 September 2015, Iloilo City, Philippines







Current Farm Practices of Eggplant Farmers

Farm Practice	Provinces					
	Pangasinan		Batangas		Quezon	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
IPM	6.48	93.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
Crop rotation	57.4	42.6	50.0	50.0	7.4	92.6
Cover cropping	46.81	53.19	0.0	100.0	3.7	96.3
Chemical pest control	95.7	4.3	96.7	3.3	100.0	0.0
Mulching	4.5	98.3	3.3	96.7	0.0	100.0
Biological pest control	8.5	91.5	43.3	56.7	0.0	100.0

Source: Quicoy, 2010

Pesticide Use in Eggplant Production, Health and Environmental Effects

Active Ingredient	Type of Insecticides	Toxicity Class	Freq.	%	Amount Used/application (in L)
Malathion	Organo- phosphate	Insecticide IV	9	90	0.13
Chlorantraniliprole	Anthranilic diamide	Insecticide IV	10	100	0.20
Cypermethrin	Pyrethroid	Insecticide IV	3	30	0.33
Chlorpyrifos	Organo- phosphate	Insecticide II	2	20	0.48

Health effects related to pesticide exposure

- itchiness of the skin (63.8%), redness of the eyes (29.3%),
- muscle pains (27.6%), headaches (27.6%)

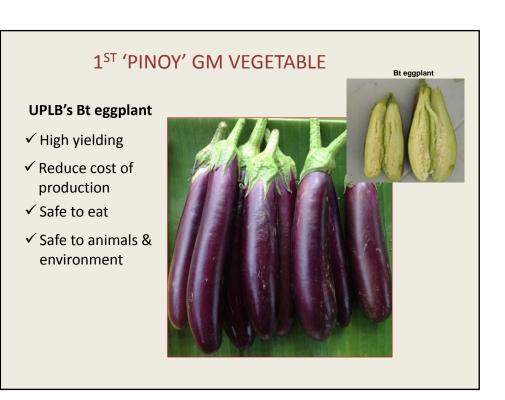
Environmental effects - insecticide residues detected in

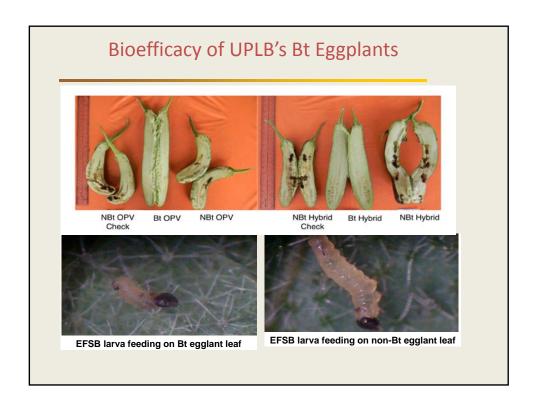
- soil samples (42%) profenofos, triazophos, chlorpyrifos, cypermethrin, and malathion.
- eggplant fruit samples (20%) cypermethrin and chlorpyrifos

Source: Del Prado-Lu, J. Environ Health Prev Med 2015 Jan 21;20(1):53-62. Epub 2014 Nov 21.

Rationale for Developing Bt eggplant

- ☑ Significant yield loss due to insect damage
- ☑ Excessive use of pesticides and potential harm to human health and environment
- ☑ Higher cost of production due to pesticides
- ☑ No effective resistance in conventional varieties

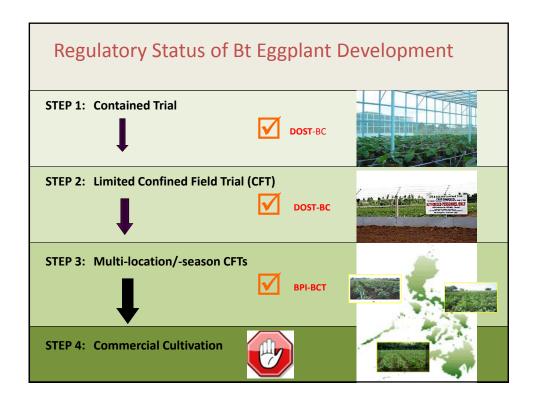




Projected changes in cost and income of eggplant production, with and without Bt

Item	Without Bt	With Bt	Difference
RETURN			
Total Cash Return	561,691	678,579	116,888
Total Non-Cash Return	12,273	12,273	-
TOTAL RETURN	573,964	690,852	116,888
COSTS			
Total Cash Costs	141,209	134,037	(7,172)
Total Non-Cash Costs	53,708	47,544	(6,164)
TOTAL COST	194,917	181,581	(13,336)
NET CASH INCOME	420,482	544,542	124,060
NET FARM INCOME	379,046	509,271	130,225

Source: Quicoy, 2015





Acknowledgement



Slides and Photo Sources:

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