

2024/SOM3/CTI/006

Agenda Item: 7.d

#### **Korea-Singapore Digital Partnership Agreement**

Purpose: Information Submitted by: Korea



Third Committee on Trade and Investment Meeting Lima, Peru 21-22 August 2024

# Korea-Singapore Digital Partnership Agreement (KSDPA)

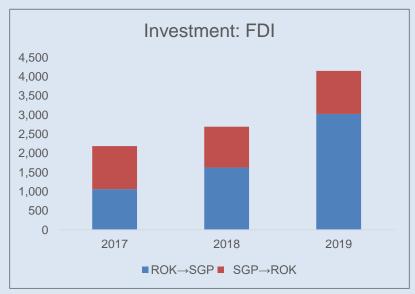




## 1 Overview (1/2)

### Korea's Economic Relations with Singapore

Year	Export			Import		
	World (mil. \$)	Export (mil. \$)	Share (%)	World (mil. \$)	Import (mil. \$)	Share (%)
2017	573,694	11,652	2.0	478,478	8,905	1.9
2018	604,860	11,782	1.9	535,202	7,974	1.5
2019	542,233	12,768	2.4	503,343	6,660	1.3



## 1 Overview (2/2)

#### Background

- ▶ Changes in the trade environment due to the digital economy transition
  - → Korea pursued its first digital trade agreement with Singapore
- \* (Singapore is an ASEAN digital hub)
- Co-chair members in the WTO e-commerce negotiations (May 2019),
- Digital Economy Partnership Agreement (DEPA, Singapore-New Zealand-Chile, June 2020),
- Australia-Singapore Digital Economy Agreement (DEA, August 2020).

#### Main Progress of KSDPA

- ▶ (Jun. 22, 2020) Declaration of the start of negotiations
- ▶ (Jul. 2020-Dec. 2021) Ten official rounds of negotiations
- ▶ (Dec. 2021) Conclusion of negotiations

## 2 Main Contents (1/2)

#### **Overall Structure**

- The agreement replaces the "Electronic Commerce" chapter of the existing Korea−Singapore FTA, and it is comprised of ① Preamble,
  ② main text, ③ Annex A, ④ Annex B, and ⑤ additional letter.
- \* The Electronic Commerce chapter of existing KS FTA, which entered into force in 2006, includes only four articles: Definitions, Scope, Electronic Supply of Services, and Digital Products.

Overall Structure	Main Contents		
① Preamble	Common vision and commitments related to the digital economy		
② Main text	①Objectives, ②Definitions, ③Amendment of the K-S FTA, ④Cooperation, ⑤Entry into Force, ⑥Amendments, ⑦Electronic Signature		
3 Annex A	34 articles containing substantive norms for digital trade and business facilitation		
4 Annex B	Changes in chapter titles of the Korea-Singapore FTA		
⑤ Additional letter	Interpretation of an article regarding non-discriminatory treatment of digital products, Recognition of government authority's action		

## 2 Main Contents (2/2)

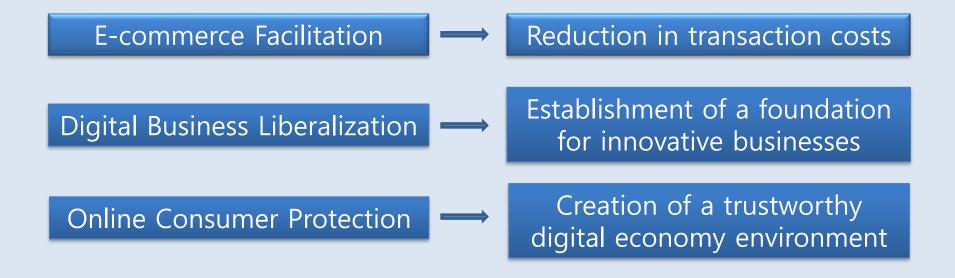
#### **Key Provisions**

► The agreement includes ① trade norms for cross-border transactions and ② cooperation in emerging digital technologies (e.g. Al and fintech).

Sectors	① Trade Norms	② Cooperation
E-commerce Facilitation	<ul> <li>Paperless trading</li> <li>Electronic authentication and signatures</li> <li>No customs duties on electronic transmissions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Electronic single-window systems</li> <li>Express shipments, Logistics</li> <li>Electronic invoicing and payments</li> </ul>
Trustworthy Digital Environment	<ul> <li>Personal information protection</li> <li>Online consumer protection</li> <li>Regulation on unsolicited commercial electronic messages</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cybersecurity</li> <li>Online safety and security</li> <li>Principles on access to and use of the Internet</li> </ul>
Data Business Facilitation	<ul> <li>▲ Location of Computing Facilities</li> <li>▲ Source Code</li> <li>▲ ICT goods that use cryptography</li> <li>▲ Non-discriminatory treatment of digital products</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Al technology and governance</li> <li>Competition policy</li> <li>Digital economy standards</li> <li>Data innovation</li> <li>Public data openness</li> </ul>

## 3 Expected Effects

1 Increase in digital products and services trade between two members



2 Enhance global competitiveness

## THANK YOU!

